Daily British Colonist.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. } VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1881. { VOLUME XLV NO. 79

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BY D. W. HIGGINS.

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THIRD PROVINCIAL LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FOURTH SESSION.

MONDAY, March 14.

On the motion to go into committee of supply,

Mr. Smithe said he could not congratulate the Minister of Finance on what he was pleased to term his financial statement on Thursday last. He had then gone back over a period of years embracing the terms of the first Walkem and the Elliott governments and in speaking of the over-expenditure during those regimes had made statements entirely at variance with facts. Those statements it would be his (Mr. Smithe's) duty to refute. He had refuted the same misstatements on former occasions and the Finance Minister ought to know that such statements would never be allowed to pass unchallenged and uncontradicted in that House. (Hear, hear.) Why old issues had been dragged up, issues which had been disposed of years ago—he could not say, unless it was that the present Estimates were so utterly barren that the hon. gentleman was obliged to go outside of them in order to find something to address the House upon. (Hear, hear.) It would be his place to-day to show that the statements of Mr. Beaven with reference to the manner in which the present indebtedness of the province was brought about, were absolutely untrue. The hon. gentleman had represented that the total amount of indebtedness incurred by the Walkem administration of 1874-5 was $472,000, but he (Mr. Smithe) would refer him to page 474-5 of the sessional papers of 1876, where he would see on the authority of a gentleman who is now one of his colleagues in the Ministry, that the Walkem government were responsible not only for an amount, actually paid in excess of revenue, of $499,184; but that in addition they had incurred liabilities to the extent of $263,034.36 making the sum total of $762,228.36 for which they had made the country responsible. (Hear, hear.) He had made out a table which would show how this amount was made up, and would show at the same time how the Walkem government of that day operated; the hon. gentleman quoted from statistics to the effect that in 1875 $50,951 were voted for expenditure on public works while $48,834.46 were actually expended, and contracts made payable in 1876, were entered into for additional public works to the amount of $40,349. For roads, streets and bridges $262,910 were voted, $265,306.13 actually paid and $120,399 of additional contracts let to be paid for in 1876. On the graving dock they spent $30,219.86 and incurred liabilities which their successors in office had to pay to the amount of $83,923. These liabilities with others of a similar nature made the total of $263,034.36 to be provided by the Elliott government on lands and works account alone. For that sum the present minister of finance was chiefly responsible. It was he who now claimed credit for such extreme parsimony and niggardliness in the administration of the finances that he will not even pay the just debts of the province, nor prosecute necessary public works, nor maintain public institutions such as schools, etc., who at that time squandered in the most reckless manner the country's money. It was he who, without the authority of parliament, without any authority at all, not only paid out money that had not been voted, but actually contracted public debts in his department to be provided for by the country willy, nilly, to the amount of $263,000, and that too at a time when the credit of the province was completely gone, and the government were at their wits' end to raise the paltry sum of $30,000. At that time the Bank of B. C. had closed their doors upon them, refusing to advance a single dollar more on any pretence whatever. At that time the present finance minister was playing the role of the prodigal, now on the principle that extremes meet he was playing that of the other character equally objectionable. (Hear, hear.) It was not alone in the lands and works department that the "sow money broadcast" policy had been carried on in 1874-5, however. The following figures from the treasury accounts would show an equally lamentable condition of things in that department when the Elliott government took office.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, 31st DEC., 1875.

ASSETS.

Various	$18,886 00
Balance of liabilities	310,194 00
	$329,080 00

LIABILITIES.

Dominion Govt. (payable 1st July, 1876	$150,000 00
Sir Jas. Douglas, K. C. B., payable 18th Oct., 1876	30,000 00
Bank of B. C. (payable 1st May, 1876.)	52,950 00
do do Graving Dock account	31,070 00
do do Overdrawn general acct	46,360 00
Deposits	18,800 00
	$329,080 00

FINANCIAL POSITION, 1st JAN., 1876.

Dominion Subsidy for 1876	$210,000 00
Local Revenue on basis of then existing imposts	120,000 00
*Amount of Liabilities incurred in 1875 in excess of entire 1876 revenue	243,228 36
	$573,228 36
Liabilities in excess of assets, from acct. at Treasury	$310,194 00
Liabilities Lands and Works Dept	263,034 36
	$573,228 36

*Leaving the Elliott Government with $243,228 36 less than nothing to carry on the government of the country for the then current year of 1876.

The real position of the debt question the hon. gentleman (Mr. Smithe) said was this: The Walkem government in two years had incurred $762,000 in round numbers and the Elliott government had incurred in 2½ years $386,000, or about one-half as much as their predecessors. For this amount they were prepared to take the responsibility, but he would remark that even a great portion of this amount had been made necessary by the expenditure of their predecessors. In this way, in certain instances money already expended would have been thrown away if an additional amount had not been spent to complete the work. The Elliott government were different in this respect to the Walkem government of today, as, for example, the Goldstream-Cowichan wagon-road. A considerable amount had been expended on that road with a view of completing through communication between Victoria and Nanaimo, a small section had remained to be graded when the present government came in, and instead of continuing the work to completion so as to reap benefit from the work already done, they at once stopped work, and notwithstanding the earnest efforts of his colleagues and himself, year by year since, the government had persisted in refusing to do anything towards completing the chain of communication along the East Coast by forging the one link required. The Finance Minister had said the other day that no government had ever taken office under more embarrassing circumstances than the present, but he (Mr. Smithe) thought he could show that such was very far from being the case. (Hear, hear.) How did the case really stand? He had already shown that Mr. Elliott had found the entire year's revenue pledged and liabilities amounting to nearly a quarter of a million dollars in addition to what the year's revenue would pay, to provide for. That in short he found himself with $240,000 less than nothing to administer the government and prosecute new public works with. (Hear, hear.) If this government found themselves in as hard a fix as that he would like to know it. What were the facts? The Finance Minister had stated that there was an overdraft at the Bank of B. C. of $72,000, but he had not been ingenuous enough to say that there was also $75,000 bearing interest on deposit at the same bank to the credit of the government. That was a very different affair to owing $573,000 and nothing on deposit, as Elliott found it. Hear, hear.) Mr. Beaven had stated that the present government found the salaries of officers largely in arrears. He (Mr. Smithe) begged to contradict the statement. The Elliott government were not guilty of oppression of that kind. It was not until the present government took charge that salaries fell in arrears, and then it was a fact that the new government came in sometime in June, and salaries were stopped until September. School teachers and others in receipt of small salaries, some paltry $50 or $60 a month, as was the case in most instances, had to wait a clear three months before they were allowed to draw a dollar of that which was their due. He might say that some of the ministers themselves had not waited so long as that. (Hear, hear), but then they drew $250 a month, while their subordinates did not, and could, therefore, he supposed, better afford to wait. It had been stated several times recently that the revenue was not elastic, and a glance at the Estimates would suggest that the Minister of Finance certainly did not think they were; inasmuch as he estimated that the school-tax, which by the way, had been changed to provincial tax, would be stretched only to the extent of $5,000. The minister had promised greatly increased dilligence in collecting this tax, admitting great laxity in the past; and he had stated also that 5000 more Chinamen were on the way here to work on the railway who would be liable to pay this tax. Five thousand men paying $3 a head would make $15,000, and if better collection from those already here should result in another $5000, a very small estimate, then he thought instead of putting down so very trifling an addition he might have credited it with a little more elasticity and added $20,000, a sum that could be expended to advantage in the country. (Hear, hear.) The hon. gentleman said the change of the name of this particular tax suggested to him that the present government had done that which might clear them from the charge of having done nothing as an amendment of the Elliott revenue policy. (Hear.) Call a rose by any other name 'twill smell as sweet, he supposed, was the principle upon which the change had been made. Seriously, he would contrast the two governments, and in doing so he would state that otherwise than as a supporter of the party he was not individually claiming any credit, inasmuch as he was not in the cabinet when the changes he was about to refer to were wrought. Mr. Elliott finding the province groaning beneath a load of debt, with the credit of the country at stake, and with a ridiculously inadequate revenue, undertook like a man, like a statesman, to set the province on its feet again by inaugurating such a system of taxation as would be at once something like adequate and at the same time bear equitably and not unduly upon any class of the community. The then Government had been assailed and abused on account of that policy in a most violent manner, and now what do we find? Simply this, that after 2½ years they have succeeded in changing the name of a tax. Only this, and nothing more. So perfect have they found the Elliott system of taxation to be, that in no single particular have they succeeded in even suggesting an improvement (hear hear). The finance minister had challenged the House to find fault with the educational part of the programme. He (Mr. Smithe) had been astonished to hear him. His colleague (Mr. Pimbury) had moved for returns of applications for new schools etc., and those returns showed that in many cases applications had been made and treated with contempt by the Government. He would instance his own district from whence several applications had been sent, and in every case, in the teeth of strong representations by himself and colleague, had been ignored. The Government, he said, had no right to deny any country district a school when, as under the Act is provided, they have the requisite number of children of school age, as was the case with reference to Mayne Island, to Chemainus, to Quamichan and to Shawnigan. The government in refusing to grant to those districts new schools were infringing an Act (hear hear) could it be wondered at that the country districts should complain so bitterly when they found themselves in many instances entirely deprived of the means of giving to their children even the rudiments of an education, when in Victoria not only was there a first class common school where every child could, if necessary, get a good English education; but a high school also where they could be taught the classics, (hear hear) The Victoria high school was for a favored few in this city. No other district could derive any benefit from it, and so long as it was kept up at the public expense country districts would justly claim that the Government have no right to deprive them of educational facilities to which they are by law entitled (hear hear) He had now, he said, to refer to the amounts put down for expenditure for the districts for public works, and in doing so he would remark that the Finance Minister had often on Thursday referred to the estimates for 1873, and it seemed to be his sole ambition to be able to say that he had in these estimates been able to achieve that which was accomplished 8 or 9 years ago. He must say in one important particular the estimates now submitted were very much short of those of 1873. The Government certainly would in the matter of expenditure on public works have to admit having executed a retrogade movement (hear hear) Quoting from the 1873 estimates he showed that $101,306,75 had been voted for publib works as against $81,780 now proposed to be expended and even this difference of $20,000 in favor of 1873 might be increased by such items as $1700 for insurance which was embraced in this year's amount for public works, but which would not give employment to a single workingman nor benefit any industry by its expenditure. He was satisfied that the Government might have done better by the districts than they proposed to do, and he felt sure that almost every member had experienced the same disappointment as he had done himself in not having got that which he had asked for, in the way of necessary public works in his district. He had therefore resolved to submit an amendment which he trusted would meet the approval of every member, by which means the Government would be shown that the province expects something more at their hands than simply lying back and drawing their salaries, while they spend as little as they possibly can in opening up the country (hear hear). The hon. gentleman then moved the following amendment. "That all the words after that be struck out and the following inserted: This House is of opinion that the sums proposed to be expended on public works throughout the province are insufficient to meet the just requirements of the several districts (applause).

Mr. Beaven said the Elliott government in 1876 had paid $420,000 for public works, in 1877 some $230,000, and in 1878, some $370,000 in all. $684,000 in excess of revenue during the two years and a-half that they were in office. He pointed out that the bank manager dictated to them their applications for overdrafts, reading from the sessional papers to that effect and saying that no such letters came to the treasury to-day and that the credit of the province never stood higher than it does to-day and they could negotiate a loan very readily if required. He said the bank manager had criticised the Elliott Government's application for a large overdraft and conceded it with evident reluctance.

Mr. Smithe—The bank positively refused to advance a single dollar more on overdraft to the previous Walkem Government, which was worse than granting it reluctantly (hear, hear and laughter).

Mr. Beaven.—The hon. gentlemen then in office did what was never told to the House before; they had paid out money in advance of salary on due bills.

Mr. Mara—A nice thing to tell here. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Smithe—If they did, it was exactly what the Walkem and DeCosmos and McCreight governments did before them; and where was the harm? (Hear, hear.)

Hon. Mr. Beaven—The hon. gentleman had said that he (Mr. Beaven) drew his salary whilst the school teachers were not paid. He talked about keeping up the credit of the province. The Elliott government made a loan to pay off certain debentures and spent it for another purpose. He could cite several other things if he only took up the time of the House, and would do no further good than perhaps hurting the feelings of that hon. gentleman and others present. The policy of the late Walkem government was to capitalize certain sums of money and spend it on public works in the province. It was endorsed by this House and supported by the country and they had let contracts.

Mr. Mara said he had expected from the remarks made by the finance minister that he would attempt to refute the statements made by the leader of the Opposition; but he had evidently got so muddled in his own figures that he had mistaken hundreds for thousands, and to-day gave very different amounts to those given a few days back. By the admissions now made that the Elliott government had to pay $160,000 in 1876 and $57,000 in 1877 on account of liabilities incurred by a former administration, the Elliott government would only be responsible for $467,000, whilst the Walkem government would have to assume the responsibility of $691,000, instead of charging $684,000 against the Elliott government and $474,000 against the Walkem government as he did when making his financial statement. He (Mr. Mara) was surprised that Mr. Beaven should state that no practical results were to be obtained by going so far back, whilst at the same time he was attacking a former administration and quoting extensively from their correspondence with the bank. He should not forget that when he left office in 1876 the credit of the province was very low; that the bank would made no further advances and that the government had to pay as high as 8 per cent. for a loan in violation of the statute, and had to pay in addition 2 per cent. commission for negotiating the loan, making the good round sum of 10 percent. in all—a higher rate than commercial paper could be discounted for. With regard to the estimates before the House he thought the finance minister had not taken credit for the full amounts that are likely to be collected under the different headings and instanced the road tolls, over $30,000 having been collected at Yale last year. The government should increase the poll tax to $5. By doing so and making proper provision for its collection $85,000 could be collected. White men will not object to paying $5 when they realize that it is the only way that Chinamen can be reached. It has been stated that there are over five thousand now on the way to work on the railroad and they should be made to pay their just proportion of taxation. He considered the sums placed on the estimates for public works altogether inadequate, and that appropriations were made without any regard to the requirements of the different districts, and illustrated Yale, covering a large area and with a scattered population receiving a similar amount to Esquimalt and Victoria district. He stated that Yale raised more grain than the whole of Vancouver Island; that it paid a larger sum into the general revenue than any other district and was entitled to a larger appropriation than the small sum of $2500 for roads. The government should endeavor to foster and encourage the agricultural districts. If roads are not made so that farmers can take their produce to market the province will derive but little benefit from railway construction, as the money will be sent out of the country for supplies. He thought that every member of the House ought to support the amendment unless he could say that he was satisfied with the appropriations for his district. (Applause.)

Mr. Ferguson said the finance minister had gone out of his way to say that the junior member for Cariboo had said that "the money appropriated for education was inadequate." He had never said so. He had said that the revenue was improperly collected, but that hon. gentleman said that such a remark was of no moment (not because it was *not true*) but because it was made by the junior member for Cariboo. (Laughter.) The honorable gentleman whose large, capacious and all-comprehensive mind commanded the respect of universal men, laid it down as a principle that it is age and not the utterance of truth that entitled him to be heard with respect on the floor of the House. Hence the hon. gentleman did not attach much importance to what he said, not because the facts he stated were not true, not because what he suggested would not be beneficial; but because he was the junior member for Cariboo. (Much laughter.) What was very remarkable was the only change the finance minister had to propose was suggested by the young member for Cariboo, a fact the hon. gentleman had neither the candor nor the honesty to acknowledge. (Hear, hear and laughter.) Had he listened to other changes the young member suggested instead of $1000 for income tax the treasury would receive $10,000 or $12,000, and instead of $4329 from the city of Victoria for school tax there would have been $9000. (Hear, hear.) With regard to the appropriations for his district he said it was the worst used district, except Cassiar, in the province. They had 300 miles of roads and trails and $3000 was all that was put on the estimates. He stated that Cariboo ites paid her taxes ungrudgingly, but they did complain that this House did not treat them fairly. He ended by saying that as long as he stopped in this House the junior member for Cariboo would not only be heard but respected as much as the hon. minister of finance. (Loud applause)

Mr. Walkem touched at some length upon the different points shown up by the hon. member for Yale, amongst others the Chinese question, and made some assertion with regard to a tax of 2 cents a pound on rice which that gentleman (Mr. Mara) voted for because he knew it was unconstitutional and would be disallowed.

Mr. Mara rose to a question of privilege. He had already denied anything of the kind and did not wish to have the statement repeated.

Mr. Walkem went on to say he acknowledged that both governments had spent more than their revenue, but as to which was worse than the other, with all due difference to the leader of the opposition the minister of finance had most clearly proved that the Elliott government were most to blame. He ended up by paying the leader of the opposition a great compliment for the way in which he had defended himself, though he must say he thought the hon. minister of finance was not quite as wrong as that gentlemen made him out to be.

He then moved the adjournment of the debate and the House adjourned till 2 p. m. Tuesday.

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Knowing the tissue of falsehoods that has been circulated in the Districts, undoubtedly for selfish and dishonest ends, we will further give a REWARD OF ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS to any person who can give such evidence as shall convict any person or persons who have circulated such slanderous reports.

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as follows:—
The Mails to leave Mud Bay (Mr. Woodward's) every Tuesday at 9 a.m.; deliver the Mail at New Westminster with all dispatch, and get back to Mud Bay (Mr. Woodward's) with return mail by the evening of the same day.
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PIONEER LINE.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

SHIPPERS OF FREIGHT FOR POINTS ABOVE New Westminster are requested to ship only such Packages as are urgently required; the draught of water in Fraser River precludes Steamers from carrying more than 30 tons of freight.
Goods shipped otherwise than in accordance with this notice will be stored at New Westminster until a favorable opportunity occurs for forwarding them.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
Victoria, March 12, 1881. mh13

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL
GOVERNMENT STREET,
VICTORIA, B. C.
THIS WELL KNOWN AND POPULAR HOTEL being one of the largest Fire-proof Brick Buildings in town, containing
FIFTY WELL FURNISHED AND VENTILATED ROOMS
Is now open for the accommodation of citizens and the Traveling Public.
Good accommodation for Ladies and Children.
Good Large Parlor, with free use of Piano.
Board and Lodging per Week.....$5 00
Board per Week.....4 00
Single Meals.....25
Lodgings 25 and 50 cents. B. F. DILLON, Proprietor.
mh12

NOTICE.

W. R. CLARKE HOLDS MY POWER OF ATtorney during my absence from the Province. THOS. ENNOR.
mh10

EDUCATIONAL.

THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL
WILL REOPEN (D.V.)
ON MONDAY, 17TH INST., AT 9 A. M.
JOHN B. CHANTRELL, Principal.
12th January, 1881. ja13

EDUCATION.

CLASSES FOR YOUNG LADIES HAVE BEEN commenced in the house situated on the corner of Kane and Quadra streets, by competent teachers under the immediate supervision of the Rev. E. Cridge and Mrs. Cridge.
A class for boys under eight years of age has also been formed. For particulars apply to
my17 MRS. CRIDGE.

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

BARQUE SIGNET, FROM MONTREAL.
NEITHER CAPTAIN SAMUEL YEO NOR THE undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above vessel.
WELCH, RITHET & CO.
Victoria, B.C., 7th March, 1881. mh8

FOR THE CASSIAR AND TAKOU MINES.
THE MAIL STEAMSHIP
CALIFORNIA,
JAMES CARROLL, Master.
Will leave Victoria for Wrangel and Sitka
ON OR ABOUT FRIDAY, MARCH 11TH, 1881.
For Freight or Passage apply to J. P. GOODHUE, Agent.
Office at P. McQuade & Sons, Wharf st. fe26

NOTICE.

TO SHIP OWNERS AND CAPTAINS
THE POWERFUL STEAM TUG
BEAVER,
Fitted with two 36-inch Cylinders, having been thoroughly overhauled and fitted with new boilers and other improvements, making her one of the most powerful and economical Tugs on this coast, is now prepared to tow vessels in B. C. waters.
For further information apply on board to Captain J. D. Warren at Dickson-Campbell's wharf.
Or to HENRY SAUNDERS, Johnson street.
mh24dw

FOR FORT WRANGEL, NAAS & SKEENA RIVERS AND WAY PORTS.
THE STEAMER
GRAPPLER,
Having been thoroughly overhauled both in hull and machinery and put in first-class repair will leave Welch, Rithet & Co.'s wharf for the above-named ports on TUESDAY, March 15th, at 6 a.m.
For Freight and Passage apply to H. SAUNDERS, Johnson street.
mh3

BARQUE LIZZIE IREDALE, FROM LIVERPOOL.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERsigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above vessel.
R. C. JANION, Per W. MONTEITH.
Victoria, March 1st, 1881. mh2

CITY COAL YARD.

THE BEST QUALITY OF COAL IN THE MARket for domestic use, at
LOWEST MARKET RATES.
ORDERS left at the Company's office in the THEATRE BUILDING, GOVERNMENT STREET, promptly attended to.
de21 1m GASTON & CO.

VICTORIA HIDE DEPOT.
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR
HIDES, SHEEP AND DEER SKINS
OFFICE REMOVED TO WHARF STREET, DIRECTLY OPPOSITE J. P. DAVIES & CO'S AUCTION ROOMS.
H. BORNSTEIN.
AGENT for Louis Shloss & Co., San Francisco. jy8

E. M. JOHNSON,
NOTARY PUBLIC & CONVEYANCER
SECRETARY BRITISH COLUMBIA TRADES PROTECTION SOCIETY
COLLECTIONS OF RENT, INTEREST & GENeral Trade Accounts made throughout the Province. MONEY TO LEND. CHARGES MODERATE.
OFFICE:—Bastion street, next Bank B.C. no11

COAL. COAL. COAL.

THE BEST AND CLEANEST COAL MAY BE had at the
UNION COAL YARD
AT CURRENT PRICES.
J. ENGELHARDT, Agent.
N. B.—OFFICE on the Wharf, foot of Yates St.
Ja5

H. M. WRIGHT. GEO. RUDGE.
VICTORIA MARBLE WORKS

MONUMENTS
TABLETS,
TOMBS, MANTELS
FURNITURE WORK,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
☞ ALSO, FURNISH STONE FOR BUILDING PURPOSES. ☜
DOUGLAS STREET, BET. CORMORANT AND FISGARD.
WRIGHT & RUDGE, PROPRIETORS.
All Orders promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. no3dw3m

W. POLLARD,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW,
HAS LOCATED HIS OFFICE PERMANENTLY on Langley street, opposite the Angel Hotel and next to the Gaol.
A FIRE-PROOF VAULT is in the office.
Money to Lend at reasonable rates. fe23

METHODIST CHURCH SOCIALS.

A SERIES OF MUSICAL AND LITERARY ENtertainments will be given in the Basement of the Methodist Church,
COMMENCING ON TUESDAY, DEC. 7TH.
An excellent Programme, in which the best local talent will take part, will be provided for each Entertainment. ADMISSION 25 cents. no27 4m

MILK! MILK!

THANKING MY CUSTOMERS FOR THEIR LIberal patronage for the last 18 years, I would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. From this date Milk will be delivered every morning and evening by myself and son, as Mr. A. Irvine, has left me and has no further interest in my business.
H. SMITH, Fairfield Farm Dairy.
mh1*1m

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I WILL ONLY accept COIN FOR RENT, as well as for other payments to be made to me.
L. D. LOWENBERG.
*20

Daily Colonist.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 16TH, 1881.

L. P. FISHER, Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is authorised to receive advertisements for the columns of this paper.

POOR MAN!

The minister of finance is or ought to be the most unhappy man in the province. It was bad enough for him to have to rush into print in Monday's *Standard* to combat the remarks of *The Colonist* respecting his notorious Budget speech. It was hard lines for him to sustain the fearful laceration administered by Mr. SMITHE and Mr. MARA on Monday; but it must have been gall and wormwood and many other things that are very nasty to the taste to have the attorney-general refuse to defend him from the shafts of the leader of the opposition and actually censure him for the Budget speech. After Mr. WALKEM arose Mr. FERGUSON, whose vigorous Saxon must have fallen like a trip-hammer on the poor minister's sensibilities; and yesterday came Dr. ASH, Mr. BENNETT and Mr. WILSON, to add to his misery. As a matter of fact, every member on either side of the House who has spoken on the question of supply has alluded to the minister of finance for his ill-considered, ungenerous and dishonest statements. The speech of the leader of the Opposition, which we produce in full to-day, will repay perusal. That honorable gentleman shows that not alone are the present occupants of the treasury benches indebted to the ELLIOTT government for the conception and inauguration of the present system of raising a revenue, but that their incapacity is so glaring that they find it impossible to conceal the fact that they have not been able to collect a sum rising one-half that which they should have collected from the sources the government he maligned created to their hand. Few people before Monday would have imagined that the finance minister was so shallow and transparent a political humbug as he has been proven to be. Many easy-going, good natured souls who had not considered the matter at all, will have their eyes opened by the developments of the last two days, for has it not been demonstrated to the satisfaction of both sides of the House that the tremendous liabilities the ELLIOTT government were called on to provide for by loan and tax were legacies of Mr. BEAVEN and his colleagues in the former WALKEM government? Dr. ASH, who was one of his colleagues, yesterday stated that they were. The Budget speech was an unpardonable perversion of facts. Mr. WALKEM mildly termed the allusion to the ELLIOTT government "a mistake;" but there is a good old Saxon word of three letters not admissible in *belles lettres* which would more adequately describe the offence. It would appear that Mr. BEAVEN took the responsibility of the Budget speech into his own hands without submitting it to his colleagues, whose mortification during the delivery was ill-concealed. Somewhere we have read of a man who had died and whose friends while framing a funeral oration were puzzled to find a single good thing that he had done, until one of the number fortunately happened to remember that the defunct had on one occasion invented a new sauce. When the future historian shall hunt through the musty records of the doings of the WALKEM government the only thing that he will find worthy to pass to their credit will be the invention of a new name for an old tax.

EASILY SATISFIED.

It will be observed that the three Westminster members voted against Mr. SMITHE's amendment that "this House is of opinion that the sums proposed to be expended on public works throughout the province are insufficient to meet the just requirements of the several districts." In other words, the representatives of that big district, which is to have only $3700 expended on its roads and bridges and wharves during 1881, are of opinion that that sum is *not* "insufficient to meet the requirements of the several districts." It must tickle the government to behold the equanimity with which these Westminster men gulp every potion that is prepared for them. But are the people equally tractable?

Canadian Mail.

[Per steamship Idaho.]

OTTAWA, Feb. 25.—An insane man with a carpet bag created considerable excitement in the House of Commons lobbies. He labored under the hallucination that he owned half of the wheat-producing lands of the North-West, and was desirous of throwing it into the market at once. He buttonholed several of the members. An insane woman named McRae is staying at the "Peerless" Hotel awaiting an interview with the Governor-General. She hails from Cape Breton, and claims protection from religious persecution in her native land.

The Hon. Mr. Tollemache, who is being sued for a divorce by his young wife in London, England, was, until two years ago, a member of two business firms in Montreal. He married his wife—who is a daughter of Hon. Henry Starnes, ex-President of the Legislative Council of Quebec—in that city in 1873. Evidence in support of the petition is being taken in Montreal.

By a vote of the House of Commons the speaker has been instructed to close the bar.

Mr. DeCosmos had three motions on the paper this afternoon in which Mr. Trutch's name is mentioned. It appears in the course of the debate that Mr. DeCosmos entertains a strong objection to Mr. Trutch, whom he calls "a spy." The premier somewhat sharply and indignantly rebuked Mr. DeCosmos for his hostility, asserting that Mr. Trutch was a man of high position and character, whose appointment as the representative of the Dominion Government had been cheerfully made by the Government and adopted by Parliament. Mr. DeCosmos insisted on his objections to Mr. Trutch.—*Mail.*

MONTREAL, March 2.—Beaudry was elected Mayor yesterday over Nelson by 108 majority.

MONTREAL, March 2.—The chief topic of conversation in business circles continues to be the failure of Messrs. W. & F. P. Currie. The total liabilities are estimated at $470,000 and nominal assets $320,000, which would leave a deficit of $150,000 in the iron business. In this estimate, however, is not included their interest in the Dominion Paper Co, of Ninsley Falls, which is put down as worth $100,000. This would show an aggregate deficit of $50,000, but many fear it will turn out much larger and that the estate will prove a bad one. In this city liabilities are distributed among some leading firms, but the heaviest amount is said to be due in Great Britain, the Messrs. Nitson, of Glasgow, being reported creditors to the extent of $150,000.

TORONTO, Feb. 25—This morning Detective Sheehan proceeded to the Accountant's office, Osgoode Hall, and arrested one of the clerks named R. M. Ross. The charge against Mr. Ross is larceny, and it is broadly hinted and suspected that it is he who has been guilty of the numerous thefts which have occurred at the Hall for the last few months. On being searched this morning over $50 worth of law stamps were found in his possession, and in addition a valuable diamond ring was in his pocket, which he withdrew from his finger as soon as he noticed the detectives presence. Ross has been identified by a city pawnbroker as the man who pledged with him the scarf pin stolen from Mr. McDonald last June, but which was not pledged until last January.

OTTAWA, Feb. 28—Mr. Brasseau, of the Department of State at Ottawa, who lately lost three children in two days from diptheria, lost another on Monday. Out of a family of six only two remain.

MONACO POSSIBLY DOOMED.—A petition to the French Assembly is in course of signature by the numerous foreign visitors to the Riviera, praying that steps may be taken to abolish the gambling saloons of Monaco. The petition states that "the Monaco gambling tables attract and retain in the neighboring towns quite a host of corrupt and depraved people, men and women, living by vice, and doing their utmost to propagate it. The public haunts and promenades are filled with them. Not only do these persons everywhere parade the scandal of their luxury and corruption, driving away by their presence such as have no desire to be confounded with them, but they actively apply themselves to enticing the foreign youth into debauchery and ruin, thus rendering quite dangerous for the guests of France the hospitality she so liberally accords them." The petition concludes: "Persuaded that France, like every other nation, has the right of protecting herself against a dangerous neighborhood; that she, moreover, has historical rights of intervention in the principality; that its character as an *enclave* imposes on it obligations and on France rights, which neither the one nor the other can neglect; that the treaties concluded by France with the principality, and which are, as it were, the condition of the little State's existence, place it at the mercy of France, who would only have to denounce them, or simply to threaten to do so, to exert a decisive influence on the Prince of Monaco, the undersigned take the respectful liberty of calling the serious attention of the Chambers and Government to the necessity of taking the proper measures in order to put an end to the scandals and dangers of the Monaco gambling tables."—*The Parisian, Jan. 8th.*

WHEN EXAMINED AFTER DEATH, the lungs of those who have died of tubercular consumption are found to be honeycombed with little cells full of purulent matter. To this terrible condition the lungs of any one may be brought who neglects a cough or cold. Unfortunately many so-called cough remedies are ineffective as well as impure, containing ingredients absolutely prejudical to the physical well-being of those who use them. There is, however, a source of renewed health and strength upon which persons harrassed and weakened by lung and bronchial affections can depend with certainty. We refer to Northrop and Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, which is justly esteemed throughout the Dominion for its effectiveness and purity. The medical faculty have long recognized the value of purified oil, obtained from the cod's liver, in throat and lung affections, and the hypophosphites are universally prescribed in cases of pulmonary decline and general debility. In this preparation the phosphorus which it contains (phosphorus being an important natural constituent of the physical organism) serves to supply stamina and vitality, by enriching the blood, while the lime and soda are of incalculable service in solidifying and strengthening the bones. This medicine not only counteracts pulmonary inflammation and arrests physical decline, but is a valuable remedy in scrofulous cases. As a means of checking and compensating for the tremendous waste of bodily tissue caused by lung and chest diseases—of healing and soothing the irritated membrane of the breathing organs, and of promoting the development of pure, rich blood, this preparation has no equal.

All druggists sell it.

THOS. SHOTBOLT, Chemist, etc., Johnson street, Victoria, Agent for the Province of British Columbia. *

Diaries for 1881.

A large and full assortment at *The Colonist* Stationery Store, very low. Every business man, mechanic and farmer should purchase at least one. *

W. & A. GILBEY'S WINE AND SPIRITS.—A choice selection of Ports, Sherries, Dessert Clarets, Old Whiskies, Rum and Brandy ex Princess Royal from London. H. Saunders, Family Grocer, Johnson street. *

The Cause of Science

has received an important addition in the elegant Observatory which H. H. Warner, proprietor of the valuable Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, has erected at Rochester. 14

BAGNALL & Co., Importers of Pianos, Organs and other musical instruments, have just received a number of iron frame English, French and German Pianos, which can be bought on easy terms. English Pianos from $240 to $400. French from $300 to $375. German from $275 to $500. Old Pianos bought or taken in exchange. Also, some splendid musical boxes and American Organettes. Organs from $45. *

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHALLENGE ACCEPTED.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL ACCEPT B. F. English's challenge to run his horse "Brady" against "Bryan O'Lynn" under Jockey Club rules. Race to be run on the Island within five weeks from date. ALEX. CAMERON.
Victoria, B. C., March 15th. mh16 1m

NOTICE.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE UNDERSIGNED, CARRYING ON BUSINESS at the Esquimalt House, have this day dissolved partnership by mutual consent. The business will in future be carried on by Joseph Meunier.
(Signed) JOSEPH MEUNIER, FRED. MEUNIER.
March 9th, 1881. mh16

MR. E. J. DURNY

BEGS TO INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT HE has decided to stay in the province, and will continue his teaching as usual.
TERMS:—Piano and Harmonium, $4 per month; Organ, $10. Lessons to be had at his residence on Fort street, or at the homes of his pupils. Orders to be left at *The Colonist* store. mh16 1m

FOR SAN FRANCISCO,

CARRYING H. M. MAILS AND W. F. & CO.'S EXPRESS.

THE PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.'S FIRST CLASS STEAMER

IDAHO,

ALEXANDER, MASTER,

Will sail for San Francisco on

MONDAY, MARCH 21ST, AT NOON.

Intending shippers are requested to make arrangements for freight as early as possible so that room may be reserved for their shipments.
Freight and Baggage for shipment by her are required to be on the wharf of the undersigned by 5 P. M. on Saturday, 19th inst.
The steamer Woodside will convey passengers from our wharf at 10 A. M. on date of sailing.
For Freight and Passage apply to
mh16 WELCH, RITHET & CO., Agents.

FOR SALE.

SIX YOKE OF GOOD WORKING OXEN IN good condition for work, together with the Yokes, Chains, and all the tools necessary for a first class logging camp, will be sold in whole or in lots to suit. Apply to WM. P. SAYWARD,
Or to EDWARD PHILLIPS,
mh15dw Chemainus.

VICTORIA CARRISON ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDER, March 14, 1881.

THE BATTERY WILL PARADE UNDER ARMS at the drill shed on Wednesday next, at 7:30 p. m., in undress uniform.
mh15 C. T. DUPONT, Captain.

OFFICE OF THE CONTRACTORS

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

YALE, March 1st, 1881.

NEW SCHEDULE OF WAGES FOR WHITE LABOR

—ON THE—

Canadian Pacific Railway

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Overseers	$125	P month
Rock Foreman	$3 to $4	P day
Earth Foremen	$2 25 to $3	"
Bridge Foremen	$3	"
Bridge Carpenters (1st class)	$2 50	"
do do (2d class)	$2	"
Masons	$2 50 to $3	"
Blacksmiths (1st class)	$3	"
do (2d class)	$2 50	"
do (helpers)	$1 50 to $2	"
Drillers	$1 75 to $2	"
Laborers	$1 50 to $1 75	"
Hewers	$2 50 to $3	"
Choppers	$1 50 to $2	"

All outside labor 10 hours per day.

All carpenters to furnish their own chest tools.

All employés find themselves bed, board and lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient along the line.

Board $4 per week.

It will not be compulsory for employés to board in the Company's houses

Wages will be paid monthly on the 10th of each month.

A. ONDERDONK,
mh13 General Manager.

MILITIA BAND.

PARTIES WILLING TO ENROL IN THE MILITIA Band are requested to forward their names to the undersigned. Must be able to pass an elementary examination in music before the instructor.
C. T. DUPONT, Captain,
President Band Committee.
March 4th, 1881. mh5

MILK.

I BEG TO STATE THAT MY LEASE WITH MR. H. Smith having expired, and wishing to
REMAIN IN THE BUSINESS,
I hope the public will continue their patronage.
mh2 A. IRVINE.

COPYING PRESSES & COPYING BOOKS

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE AT
my31 THE COLONIST STATIONERY STORE.

WANTED.

WANTED

A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH GENERAL HOUSEwork in a small family. Address "F. M.," Moodyville, Burrard Inlet, B. C. mh13

WANTED.

A FAMILY ABOUT TO RETURN TO ENGLAND requires a respectable woman, without children, to assist as nurse during the voyage.
Apply to DR. SHAROOD,
mh13 Naval Hospital, Esquimalt.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A GOOD COOPER—
mh5 Apply to W. J. JEFFREE.

WANTED A SITUATION

BY A COMPETENT, EXPERIENCED, PRACTICAL Coal Miner of steady, sober habits, who can superintend, survey and plan successfully the working of a colliery. Address (——), office of this newspaper. fe3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE WHITE HOUSE.

SPRING STYLES, 1881.

THE SECOND INSTALMENT OF OUR

NEW SPRING STOCK

Came to hand by last steamer and has been opened and placed as fast as we have found it possible to make room. Some of our specialities are more attractive than ever and we have made arrangements to have forwarded

EVERY NOVELTY

As soon as produced, and making it a rule to sell goods while they are fashionable at the prices they will bring, it is easily understood why

WE HAVE NO SHOPWORN GOODS,

No antiquated styles, no damaged articles—everything of the NEWEST, BEST and MOST APPROVED STYLES.

Cheap Trash will be conspicuous by its absence from our Counters.

The Shipment just to hand comprises BROCADED SILKS in every shade, Black Dress Silks, Colored Trimming Satins in all the new and fashionable colors, Plain and Striped Piques, Mariposa Cloths, Yosemite Stripes, Brocaded Cambrics, Checked Muslins, &c.

DRESS GOODS.

Plain and Fancy Armures, Black and Colored Cashmeres, French Silk and Wool Fabrics, The New Handkerchief Plaids, and a fine assortment of Brocades for trimming, Black Crape Cloth and Black Crapes.

HOYLE'S PRINTS.

An assortment of New Spring Styles of this manufacturer, whose fame is world-wide, is unapproached for variety and extent by any in the city, and we are selling his Best Goods and Latest Styles at 6 yards for One Dollar. Of American Standard Prints we have a full stock and cut as usual 10 yards for One Dollar. Trashy Prints are dear at any price; but when wanted we give 14 yards for the Dollar.

SPRING JACKETS.

Black and Colored, in Black Cloth, Satara and Basket Cloth, at prices ranging from $5 50 to $8 50 each.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

CHEAPER THAN EVER—White and Brown Table Damasks and Napkins, White Muslins of English and American manufacture, Grey Cottons, Sheetings, Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Glass Cloths, Diapers, Damask Tablecloths, Cretons, Colored and White Flannels, Canton Flannels, Ginghams, and a choice line of Embroideries,

These goods will be on view TO-MORROW (Monday) the 14th inst., and we invite all to visit the establishment, whether wishing to purchase or not.

POPULAR GOODS AT POPULAR PRICES, AND GOODS ALWAYS AS REPRESENTED.

Our Mail Order Department is a special feature of interest to our out of town friends whose orders are filled with the same exact care, promptitude and dispatch as if they were personally present. Address all orders to

THE WHITE HOUSE.

P. O. Box 10. J. HUTCHESON, Manager.
Victoria, 12th March, 1881. mh13

ROYAL HOSPITAL.

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT FOR YEAR, MARCH, 1880, TO MARCH, 1881.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand at date of last report:—		
Dominion Gov'nt Savings Bank	$1500 41	
Bank of British Columbia	521 42	$2021 83
Grant from Provincial Government:— 12 months, March 1880 to February 1881, (both inclusive)		4992 92
Amount received from pay patients and cash found on person of deceased patients after death		211 65
Proceeds of entertainment Ancient Order of Shepherds	56 35	
Ditto Victoria Amateur Dramatic and Operatic Society	137 10	193 45
Christmas donation City Council, Victoria		20 00
Subscriptions and donations		910 10
Kitchen refuse sold		27 50
Interest per Dom. Savings Bank		78 00
		$8,463 05

EXPENDITURE.

Groceries, including coal oil, flour and eggs	$654 27
Butchers' meat, fish and poultry	501 21
Vegetables, including potatoes	85 50
Bread	165 88
Milk	160 36
Wines and Spirits	105 25
Water	105 00
Coals and wood	221 00
Washing (labor only)	79 00
Furniture, Bedding, Blankets, &c	122 61
Repair and additions to buildings:	193 70
Scavenger	62 00
Drugs and surgical appliances	371 53
Fire insurance on furniture	15 00
Stationery and postage	31 41
Funeral expenses	246 00
Expenses for out-patients	46 00
Printing reports and cost of advertising	59 50
Commission collecting subscriptions and sundry small expenses	72 20
Refund of subscriptions	39 79
Purchase of land and cost of conveyance, deeds, &c	970 00
SALARIES:—	
Steward and matron	900 00
Nurse	480 00
Extra and night nurses	180 00
Surgeon	500 00
CASH ON HAND:—	
On deposit Dom. Savings Bank	1070 00
Bank of British Columbia	1012 81
	$8,463 05

I hereby certify that I have examined the Treasure's Accounts and found them to be correct and supported by the proper vouchers.
Victoria, B. C., 9th March, 1881. THOS. RUSSELL, Auditor.

The Directors in making their Annual Report have to inform the Subscribers that during the past year they have succeeded in purchasing a plot of land of 5 acres immediately adjoining the Hospital, for the purpose of erecting an Asylum for Convalescents in connection with the Hospital. The Government have voted a sum of money for the erection of the necessary buildings; but before the works could be commenced the Government required the land to be conveyed to the Crown, which has been done. The coming spring will, it is hoped, see this most necessary adjunct to the institutions of the Province completed.

The Directors regret that the House of Assembly have passed a resolution completely reversing the policy under which the Hospital has been for so many years not unsuccessfully managed; hitherto the Government have been content with having two Directors on the Board, and as a rule these Government Directors have been active and useful members, and have fully answered the purposes for which they were placed on the Board.

The other Directors are the nominees of the Subscribers. The proposed change will be detrimental to the interests of those for whom a hospital is supported. The attention necessary to details takes up a great deal of time, and to suppose that work which is now performed efficiently by eight gentlemen will be equally as well performed by four is supposing too much, and the inevitable result will be a recurrence to the worst evils of the past. The interest which the public now take in the institution will, it is feared, greatly lessen, and the active and friendly assistance given by many will hardly be extended to a purely Government institution.

The Directors have again to express their thanks to Messrs. Dunsmuir and the Vancouver Coal Company for donations of coal and to various charitable societies and individuals who have generously contributed to the support of the institution.

The affairs of the Hospital have been economically managed, as will be seen by the amount of sufferings relieved and the Treasurer's account of the expenditure.

In closing this report the Directors regret that the change introduced by the Government will prevent them again offering their services, and from the applications which have been received for a return of subscriptions and the opinions expressed of the change, they fear that the closing of one of the most useful institutions of the Province will ultimately be the result.

There yet remains to be considered the question of the ownership of the property and the terms on which it was devoted to its present use, and how far the present changes will affect it. On this subject the Directors are not yet in a position to give an opinion.

March, 1881.

To the Board of Directors Royal Hospital:

GENTLEMEN,—I have the honor to submit for your information the following statement of the result of medical treatment of patients under my charge in Royal Hospital during the last year. The number of in-patients, as will be seen below, is less than last year, owing, in a great measure, to so many beds being occupied by incurables. The number of out-patients has greatly increased, as I have had to treat as out-patients many who would have been in-patients had there been vacant beds.

The number of In-patients admitted 1880.	- - -	82
do Out-patients do	- - -	200
Total	- - - - -	282

Of whom 10 have died from the following causes:—Lung Disease, 6; Heart Disease, 1; Paralysis, 1; Old Age and Exhaustion, 2. Total 10.

In conclusion I have to express my thanks to my professional brethren, who have always rendered me any assistance I was in need of; and I would wish to draw the attention of the Board of Directors to the admirable manner in which the Superintendent, Mr. Robinson, has conducted the internal affairs of the Hospital, showing all possible kindness and consideration for the patients compatible with the discipline necessary in a public institution.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen, your obedient servant,
J. B. MATTHEWS.
Langley street, March 6th, 1881. mh10

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STAHLSCHMIDT & WARD,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND IMPORTERS, SHIPPING AND

INSURANCE AGENTS.

INDENTS Executed for English, Canadian, American and Chinese Merchandise
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

AGENTS

ROYAL FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ACCUMULATED FUNDS EXCEED - - - - $20,000,000
Fire Risks accepted at Current Rates of Premium, and Losses promptly adjusted. Life Assurances effected on Reasonable Terms.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.
CAPITAL - - - - - - - - - $9,337,500
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STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ASSETS EXCEED - - - - - - $27,000,000
Proposals Received and Policies Issued at this Agency. Tables of Rates for British Columbia can be obtained from the Agents.

UNION MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ASSETS EXCEED - - - - - - $10,000,000
Marine Risks on Hulls and Merchandise accepted by the Agents.

STAHLSCHMIDT & WARD, - - - WHARF STREET.
fe27 3m

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA

SOAPWORKS

HUMBOLDT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.,

FROM OFFICIAL RETURNS ARE NOW

Manufacturing Seven-Eights of all the Soaps Used in the Province.

During the year 1875 and previous years there was imported yearly over Twenty one Thousand Dollars' worth of Laundry Soaps. In 1876 the factory was established and the result has been:

IMPORTS OF SOAP,	1875	$21,000
do	do 1876	18,000
do	do 1877	13,500
do	do 1878	9,500
do	do 1879	7,500
do	do 1880	3,200

Showing plainly that these goods are giving entire satsfaction.

ALL KINDS OF MOTTLED, YELLOW, WHITE & FANCY SOAPS MADE.

☞ ORDERS can be left at the Works, or if left at the Store of W. J. JEFFREE they will be immediately sent by Telephone.
fe20 3m **PENDRAY & CO.**

BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET,

VAN VOLKENBURGH & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

BUTCHERS,

ALHAMBRA BUILDING, CORNER GOVERNMENT AND YATES STREETS,
VICTORIA, B. C.

Ships, Hotels and Families Supplied with Meats at the LOWEST RATES.

ORDERS filled and delivered to any part of the City free of charge. fe26

BATCHELOR & McPHADEN

(SUCCESSORS TO FRED'K REYNOLDS.)

LONDON MARKET

CORNER OF DOUGLAS AND YATES STS.,
VICTORIA, B. C.

A LARGE STOCK OF

CHOICE MEATS,

Of every description constantly on hand and delivered to any part of the City.

FAMILES, RESTAURANTS, SHIPS AND STEAMERS SUPPLIED AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.

N. B. Special attention paid to the SALTING OF BEEF for Shipping. A fine lot on hand warranted to keep in any climate. au8

GOODACRE & DOOLEY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BUTCHERS,

QUEEN'S MARKET, VICTORIA, V. I.

PURVEYORS BY APPOINTMENT TO
H. M. ROYAL NAVY FOR ALL FRESH AND SALT MEATS, VEGETABLES, ETC.

THE LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT OF

ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF MEAT, VEGETABLES, AND STOCK CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

The same Supplied to Families, Restaurants, Ships and Steamers at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.
fe12

$5,000

TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT ON APPROVED SECURITY.

$1000 AND $800 TO INVEST ON FREE holds.
Note the name and address:
E. M. JOHNSON,
de18 Bastion Street, next Bank B.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH,

Musical and Literary Entertainments

WILL COMMENCE ON

TUESDAY EVENING, 16TH INST., AT 8 O'CLOCK

ADMISSION 25 CENTS. Doors open at 7:30.
my7

SKEENA RIVER

SALMON BELLIES,

AND NAAS RIVER OOLACHANS,

IN HALF-BARRELS AND KITS.

FOR SALE BY

HENRY SAUNDERS, JOHNSON STREET
au12

WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS.

HIGHEST STYLE OF THE ART, AT
de14 THE COLONIST STATIONERY STORE.

Daily Colonist.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH. 16TH, 1881.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED.

Mar. 15—Str California, Pt Townsend
Str Pilot, Nanaimo
Str Commodore, San Juan

CLEARED.

Mar. 15—Str Pilot, Nanaimo

PASSENGERS.

Per str ENTERPRISE, for New Westminster—Mr and Mrs Wilson, Mrs Harris, Mrs Elwyn, Miss English, Messrs English, Loewen, LeClair, Edmonds, Mitchell, Hamilton, Lange, Jeffree, Bohn, McEwan, and several others.

Per str MAUDE, from Nanaimo—Mrs Bryden, Mrs W Smithe, Mrs Schmidt, J Bryden, D W Gordon, J H Lamb, T Williams, J Burns, A Pritchard and others.

THIRD PROVINCIAL LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FOURTH SESSION.

TUESDAY, March 15.

PRAYERS IN THE HOUSE.

Mr. Ferguson presented a report from the committee appointed to consider the proposition to have prayers in the House. The report states that the committee found the clergymen favorable to the proposition and willing to assist. The report recommends a form of prayer.

ISLAND RAILWAY.

Mr. Ash asked if any further information had been received respecting the Island railway.

Hon. Mr. Walkem replied that as soon as he obtained any information he would lay it before the House.

SUPPLY.

Hon. Mr. Walkem resumed the debate on the motion to go into committee of supply, stating that he did not intend to amend the amendment and although strictly speaking it was irregular he would leave it for the House without further comment.

Dr. Ash supported the amendment. He thought it impossible that the country could progress without necessary improvements being made, and reasons should be given for the miserable character of the appropriations. The finance minister, a few years ago, took pride in his excessive expenditure and he (Dr. Ash) quoted from a report of that hon. gentleman in 1875 in which he felicitated himself upon the beneficial results of that expenditure. He (Dr. Ash) protested against the finance minister attempting to saddle the Elliott Government with the over-expenditure of the first Walkem government, as he had done the other day. Any one ought to feel proud of the results of that expenditure—as the finance minister professed to feel in 1875. He (Dr. Ash) was satisfied the country had benefitted by the expenditure, and it was not fair or candid to say the Elliott government had spent a large amount of money when in reality they had to provide for the indebtedness of their predecessors of which Mr. Beaven was one. (Hear, hear.) The speech of the finance minister was intended for electioneering purposes. He failed to see any provision made for the payment of the Kootenay Royal Commission, and he asked the members of the government that had appointed them if it was not intended to pay those commissioners? The conduct of this government towards the commissioners was dishonest. He saw no provision made for the payment of arrears of salaries of school teachers in 1878 and none for the payment of the local creditors of Reed Brothers. He believed that a bill to pay the local creditors would be disallowed at Ottawa, and thought that if the same dilligence was used in the collection of taxes in this city as was adopted in the country there would be ample revenue to meet all demands. He described the manner in which country people were harrassed by the tax collectors and referred to the paucity of the amount received by way of income tax and the wretched amounts set apart for street work, remarking upon the large expenditure on the dry dock as one cause of the district appropriations.

Mr. Bennett supported the amendment because it looked to him that if the government remained in power two or three years longer the appropriations would come down to *nil*. It was right that the government should be economical; but there were necessary expenditures which in the interest of the country required to be made. One of the most important wants—a bridge at Savona—was not provided for in the Estimates. Settlers were forced in midwinter to swim their horses across the river for want of a bridge. The wretched sum of $2500 was all that was to be spent in Yale district this year. The government say they have no money. They ought to have money. (Hear.) A good government would have money. (Hear.)

Mr. Walkem.—Steal it?

Mr. Bennett.—No; they would devise means for gathering in taxes. (Laughter and hear.) They would adopt a sensible method for collecting the revenues. The present policy was a falsely-economical one, and there was such a thing as wasting money. He would like to know who was responsible for the double trial of the Kamloops outlaws. The government had gone in opposition to the advice of the judges and had wasted a sum of money that would pay for the Savona bridge trice over. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. W. Brown condemned the reckless expenditure of the first Walkem government and of their predecessors. He was elected to keep the expenditure within proper limits. This the government was trying to do and he would vote against the amendment.

Mr. Wilson said the member for Comox was under a misapprehension with regard to the dry dock. The money for that purpose was not in the hands of the government, and was not available for expenditure. It was impossible to say what the dock would cost, but he would like to see granite substituted for sandstone in its construction. He thought the present discussion was brought on by the finance minister. He had been very ungenerous to the opposition, who had offered no factious obstruction to the government this session. He had revived a dead issue, and was wrong in doing so. A great deal of money was squandered by the two governments, but it was the policy of the country then that money should be borrowed and the country should be opened up. The policy of opening up the country was a sound one; but hungry districts were represented by hungry members and they made heavy demands on the governments which the governments complied with. In Yale district there was a very heavy expenditure for several years and he was unable to see that the district had advanced adaquately with the expenditure. He instanced New Westminster district as one which wanted roads badly. It was a district which he thought was neglected. The leader of the opposition had truly said this government had shown no originality in devising methods for raising a revenue; but the government had done at first all that was possible by retrenching salaries and other expenses. The junior member for Cariboo (Mr. Ferguson) had struck a raw spot when he complained that the Chinese and many whites escaped paying school tax, and he thought the friendly and able criticism of that member would do some good in arousing the finance minister to a sense of his duty. He asked what was to take the place of the land revenue when that fell off and urged the government to call the attention of the dominion government to the necessity of settling the lands now held by them for railway purposes. The present map of the province was a disgrace to it and he wanted this government to provide for one and also a handbook of information. Immigrants came here who could get no information about the country and went away again. In looking at the Estimates he regretted to see that the expenses of running the government were yearly increasing since 1878. The expenses this year would be $11,000 more than in 1873. The attorney-general's department appeared to have been the most extravagant of any of the the government. There was an actual increase of $9,600 and the attorney-general owed the country an explanation why the expenses of his department were $37,000 last year. The government had gone to the extreme of liberality in educational matters, and he would like to see the country divided into municipalities with power given them to take care of their own schools, etc. He asked if there were any supplementary estimates to come up to make good certain expenditure up to the 30th June, 1881. If so, they should be laid before the House now. The amendment was a mistake because it had not been shown where the money for greater expenditure was to come from? If the hon. member for Cowichan would assist in striking off the governor's private secretary and gardener the extra printer and many other unnecessary sums there would be more money on hand for road purposes.

The amendment was lost on the following vote.

Ayes.—Smithe, Mara, Pimbury, Vernon, Bennett, Ferguson, Ash.—7.

Noes.—Walkem, Humphreys, Beaven, Saul, McIlmoyl, Gallagher, Cowan, Wilson, Galbraith, Abrams, HARRIS, McGILLVRAY, E. BROWN, W. M. Brown, Williams.—15.

House then went into committee on the Estimates.

The items to provide for the public debt—$71,863—were passed.

Private Secretary, $900.

Dr. Ash referred to insults that had been directed at the lieut.-governor on a previous occasion and hoped they would not be repeated. The item for private secretary was too small.

Mr. Wilson moved to strike the item out. The lieut.-governor was a dominion official and if this legislature provided him a house to live in that should be sufficient. If he wanted a secretary he ought to get one himself. Could the country afford this extravagance? He thought not. It was a ridiculous, hifor-lutin position and quite out of place in this country.

Mr. Smithe opposed the motion, saying that the private secretary was not a Dominion official. He was a necessary provincial officer. The governor was the head of the executive department. He dissented altogether from the proposition of Mr. Wilson. It would be an invidious thing to cut off this office just at the present time.

Mr. Wilson could not see why the item should not be cut off. The secretary was more or less ornamental. If the Lieut.-Governor here were more like the governor of the adjoining territory it would be better for the province.

Item passed.

Provincial Secretary's Department - $11,250.

Mr. Wilson thought the printing branch a very expensive establishment. He noticed that hon. members who complained of no money for roads and bridges always voted all that was asked for in the departments.

Mr. Smithe quite agreed with the hon. gentleman in this matter. He hoped the government would take the thing into consideration and cut off the additional printer. There would be less work in the printing office this year than last, and the item could easily be dispensed with.

Mr. Humphreys considered that the item was absolutely necessary. If it should be found that the additional printer was not required he would be dispensed with. The establishment was well conducted and was very satisfactory.

Mr. Wilson again objected to the item. He would vote for it willingly if it was the intention of the government to get up a good immigration pamphlet. He wanted to know what additional work was intended to be done that another printer was required.

Mr. Humphreys explained.

Mr. Smithe did not consider the explanation of the Provincial Secretary satisfactory. It was his duty to inquire particularly about these matters, and find out what was proposed to be done to require an additional printer during the ensuing year. He could not expect hon. members to vote the item unless some satisfactory explanation were given.

Mr. Humphreys said that if the hon. the leader of the opposition wanted any further explanation it should be supplied.

Mr. Walkem was of opinion that it would be a great inconvenience to the Province to run the printing office short-handed. Assistance had been necessary last year and he was sure it would be required during the ensuing year.

Mr. Smithe could not see the necessity of an additional printer notwithstanding all that had been said. He did not consider that any reason had been given for putting down this additional expenditure. The item should be allowed to stand over for further information.

Mr. Wilson thought that the Provincial Secretary should supply a return showing the amount of type set up, so as to compare the work done with the salaries paid.

Mr. Drummond considered that the matter should be left to the printing committee of which he was a member. (Laughter.)

Mr. Wilson would leave it to any one who would give information; but he thought Mr. Drummond had quite enough to do to get his school report ready. (Laughter.)

Messrs. Helgesen and Gallagher supported the increased staff.

After some further discussion in which Mr. Beaven and Mr. Humphreys took part, Mr. Drummond moved that the question be referred to the printing committee.

The Chairman ruled the motion out of order and commanded Mr. Drummond to take his seat.

Mr. Drummond again persisted in speaking and was again commanded to sit down.

Mr. Mara was not in favor of cutting off the official head of any person; but the suggestion to allow the item to stand over was a good one.

Item allowed to stand over.

Treasury Department—$6,480.

Mr. Mara asked the Finance Minister if it was the intention of the government to keep the salaries of the officials in that department at their present figure.

Mr. Wilson objected to any suggestion to increase the salaries of officials. These salaries were very fair and if increased there would be still less for public works.

Mr. Beaven could not state what the intentions of the government might be in the matter. The official referred to had, he believed, been offered a larger salary than he at present received.

Mr. Wilson referred to the fact of a gentleman being removed to another position to make room for the present incumbent. At that time he considered the salary sufficient.

Mr. Bennett spoke of the salary in question being larger than that of the deputy provincial secretary, who had been nearly 20 years in the service.

Item passed.

Mr. Ash found fault with the attorney-general for holding two portfolios. He said that the chief commissioner could not attend to both offices as he should. The statute provided for four persons to compose the executive. He thought the statute ought to be complied with.

Vote 9 passed—$7620 for Lands and Works Department.

Mr. Wilson asked that the private members of the House might have the services of the solicitor in considering bills in committee.

Mr. Walkem said that officer had given assistance already without any demur.

Vote 10, solicitor $1800, passed.

Vote 11, Land Registry $2900.

Messrs. Drummond, McIlmoyl, Williams and Wilson asked that the clerk's salary be raised to $1200 instead of $900.

Mr. Wilson had examined his books and believed no books in the government offices were kept as well as his.

All the members spoke highly of the quality of this gentleman's work.

Mr. Abrams said the clerk had been engaged at $50 per month and had been raised to $75 per month. He compared it with the gaoler and constable at Nanaimo who was only paid $75 a month.

Mr. Gallagher believed in raising the salary. The place bore no comparison to a gaoler or constable's place—an officer who knew nothing about keeping books.

Mr. McGillivray asked if the government contemplated establishing a branch office on the mainland as that might lighten the work.

Mr. Walkem—Not this session.

Mr. Helgesen approved of an increase to $100 per month.

Mr. Smithe said, when you have a good man it was policy to pay him well and retain his services; this clerk's work was above the average.

Mr. Ash said we ought to consider the registrar's claims also. He had been persuaded to give up lucrative employment on a promise of $2500 per annum and now he was cut down to $2000.

Vote passed as it stood.

Vote No. 12, $650 for legislation.

Mr. Smithe thought the law clerk's salary, $300, should be larger. In 1878 the House had a clerk of the House and a law clerk and the salary of the latter was double the amount now set down for both. He also thought that $100 for the session was too little for the messenger.

Mr. Walkem said the matter rested with the House, it was more their province than the government's.

Mr. Abrams thought it ought to be $500 or $600.

Mr. Ferguson said the officer was poorly paid. He had heard of complaints that volumes were missed from the library and even from member's desks. The clerk of the House ought to be paid well enough to attend to the House and the library during recess.

Mr. Smithe would like to take the sense of the committee on a vote for an increase.

Mr. Ash said it was evident that members had been canvassed to get salaries increased. It was out of the province of this committee to increase salaries.

Messrs Smithe and Drummond both rose to deny that they had been canvassed.

Mr. Helgesen said that on many occasions he had been ashamed to ask the law clerk to assist him as he knew he was so badly paid. He would like to see the amount increased.

Messrs. Gallagher and McGillivray were of the same opinion.

Vote 13, $450 for registration of voters, passed.

Vote 14, assay office, $1200, passed.

Vote 15, insane asylum, $5620.

Mr. Smithe thought the government ought to explain every increase in the bulk amount. There was an increase here and no doubt it was necessary, but still the increase ought to be explained.

Hon. Mr. Humphreys explained that even now there were not enough keepers. There were 40 inmates and unless they had keepers enough it incurred danger to those there.

In answer to Mr. Wilson, who drew attention to the fact that there was a staff of 11 for 40 inmates, he said the duties were onerous.

Mr. Wilson said that in 1877 there were only two keepers; now there are six keepers and the increase was from $2600 to $5620.

Mr. Walkem said several had been paid then under the head of fuel, light and provisions.

Mr. Wilson said that at Coneyhatch in England there was a keeper to every 10 lunatics.

Mr. Drummond said at East Portland there were 10 keepers to 300 lunatics. He drew attention that a keeper was claiming indemnity for laceration of his hand by some of those forty lunatics, nearly all of whom were more or less vicious.

Mr. Ash thought the report of the asylum officials should have been laid on the table for reference before this amount was voted.

Vote No. 6, revenue service, $1920.

Mr. Beaven spoke of the increase in this case. The assessor and collector not only discharged his own duties, but also assisted the auditor and last summer during the illness of the deputy treasurer he did his own and that officer's duties as well and he recommended that his salary be increased to $110 per month. He took exception to the blame thrown upon the minister of finance because income tax was not collected. He had nothing to do with the income tax. When the judge of the court of appeal had fixed the amounts, how could he increase the amount of income tax. He spoke highly of the assessor and collector, who, he said, used to take his own horse after his day's work was done and go out to collect school tax from persons, who, he knew, had not paid up.

Mr. Helgesen said that the taxes had not been collected in Sooke district for years past as it should be and advocated appointing a local collector.

Messrs. Williams and McIlmoyl were pleased with the increase, but would have liked to see it $125 instead of $110. They spoke highly of the officer and the latter gentleman characterized him as the best abused official in the country.

Mr. Smithe said the officer was a good one; but the system was bad. He said that the older the law the easier the collection of the taxes ought to be and the decrease in the amount collected was considerable instead of being increased.

The committee rose and reported progress.

Mr. Smithe advocated night sessions from to-day, and the house seemed mostly of the same opinion.

The House adjourned till 2 p. m. today.

Municipal Police Court.

[Before Hon. A. F. Pemberton.]

TUESDAY, March 15.

The fire cracker case was again heard and all the evidence being in the Magistrate remanded the accused boys until tomorrow.

Israel Peart, a lad of some seven or eight summers, was charged with stealing a pistol from the St. Nicholas Hotel on Sunday night last. Supt. O'Conner asked for a remand for three days in order that the youth might be sent away on some ship. Granted.

Bloomfield *vs.* G. W. Lawson.—This was a charge of libel brought by the plaintiff, Sergeant Bloomfield, against the defendant for writing and publishing on or about the 24th January last a false and malicious libel to the mayor and council charging the plaintiff with receiving and detaining a sum of money which should have been paid to defendant.

Sergt. Bloomfield on being examined by Mr. T. Davie stated that on the day previous to which the date of the letter complained of was written he was suspended. The letter in question was handed to the mayor and council together with other charges against him; saw Mr. Lawson on the 27th January and asked him if the signature was his; he acknowledged that it was; witness had never received the money, and had never told defendant that he had.

Cross-examined by Mr. A. E. B. Davie. Never saw a bill of Mr. Lawson's, did not know what bill the letter referred to; did not know that the defendant had any claims upon the city police up to November, 1879; took charge of the city police when Supt. Todd left for Kamloops some time in December, 1879; shortly after that time had some conversation with Lawson about his bill; might have told him that if he sent it in that he, witness, would see it paid; might have spoken to him about it in July, 1880; never told Lawson that he had the money or that it had been received from the council; it was not usual for the person in charge of the police force to pay bills; they were sent to the council and after being passed were paid by Mr. Russell; never said anything to Lawson that would leed him to believe that the money was in his, witness', possession; never told him that he owed him five dollars.

Thomas Russell sworn: Was collector and treasurer to the city council; did not remember Lawson sending in any bills on account of the city police; plaintiff had not drawn any money subsequent to the date mentioned in the letter; plaintiff occasionally received money and brought back the accepted bills.

Supt. of Police O'Connor sworn. Obtained the letter complained of from Mr. Lawson about the time specified therein.

Mr. A. E. B. Davie explained the circumstances connected with the matter under investigation. Sergeant Bloomfield had admitted that he had promised the defendant that he would see the bill paid. There seemed to have been some misapprehension on the part of his client; and he was willing to withdraw the libellous statement contained in the letter and to make an ample apology for having made it.

Mr. T. Davie thought it rather a strange thing that the letter should have been sent in as a charge against his client on the occasion of his being suspended. He had no wish to send defendant to a higher court for trial; and his client having been cleared of the imputation of embezzlement contained in the letter he was willing to accept an apology.

His Honor remanded the case for one day in order that satisfactory arrangements might be arrived at by the parties.

Appeal in Behalf of St. Joseph's Hospital.

The roof of this charitable institution for the relief of the sick being in a leaky condition, and on account of greater public patronage more room being required, it has been deemed necessary to build a Mansard roof, which, whilst repairing the building, will increase its proportions.

As this hospital since its erection in 1876 has received no assistance whatever either from the province or city, except a municipal donation of $20, the sisters of St. Ann make an appeal to the generous people of Victoria and will be assisted by benevolent ladies of the city in collecting funds in order to defray the necessary expenses.

It is intended to canvass next week the city, and two ladies in each section will visit with a subscription list marked with the signature of Bishop Brondel so as to enable all to promote the good work.

That the work is for all and appreciated by all classes is proved from the following statistics:

Since its institution in July, 1876, St. Joseph's Hospital has nursed 286 patients, 161 of whom were Catholics and 125 were non-Catholics. Last year 84 patients entered the hospital; of these 46 were paying patients and 38 were non-paying.

As it is universally acknowledged that hospitals managed by sisters cannot be surpassed it is hoped that the public of Victoria, with their usual generosity, will liberally assist the sisters to continue their work of mercy in nursing the sick.

AQUATIC.—Intelligence reached town by the Idaho that arrangements are fully made for the sculling match between Cotsford and Stevenson for $500 aside. The race is to come off on Sunday 27th inst. Cotsford is said to be in splendid trim and confident of success.

METHODIST SOCIAL.—Another successful entertainment came off in the lecture-room of the Methodist Church last evening. A full house as usual greeted the lady promoters of the social; and their efforts to please were duly appreciated by the audience. The varied programme was successfully carried out and the several pieces and songs were admirably rendered.

COUNTY COURT.—There was one case up for hearing yesterday in this court but it was settled before Mr. Justice Crease took the bench.

EVENING SESSION of the Legislature to-night.

Arrival of the California from Sitka and the Auk Mines.

The steamer California arrived at Sitka on 4th March, and sailed for Harrisburg on the 6th, arriving at the latter place on the 7th. Harrisburg is the depot of the Takou mines. The California landed fifty passengers, including several capitalists and mining experts from San Francisco, and one hundred thousand feet of lumber, which is to be used in building a tramway from Harrisburg to the quartz ledges, three miles distant. There were about three feet of snow on the trail, but the travelling is pretty good. Lumber and provisions and the machinery for Pitz's arastra will be taken up to the ledges on sleds. The California anchored in eighteen fathoms of water. Thirty houses have been built at Harrisburg and many more in course of erection. Dix & Campbell have completed their flume of one hundred and fifty feet, and will commence work shortly on their placer claim. All previous reports relative to the quantity and quality of the quartz ledges were confirmed. There seems to be no abatement of the excitement and confidence in the wealth of the ledges. There is no truth in the reported jumping of original claims. The bylaws governing the district are plain and in conformity to the U. S. statutes. The California left Harrisburg on the 9th. The Auk Indians (whose villiage is in the vicinity) have requested Captain Glass of the the Jamestown to prevent, if possible, the manufacture of hoochenoo. The citizens also petitioned to the same effect. A large petition has been forwarded to President Garfield asking the release of Thomas Arnold, recently convicted at Portland for distilling. The California brought down the following passengers: Mrs. Col. M. D. Ball and three children, Miss Mary Ball, W. J. Stephens and wife, Miss Manson, Captain Glass, U. S. S. Jamestown, John McKenzie, James Rossiter, J. Gillis and several others. She arrived here yesterday morning at 6 o'clock *via* Departure Bay and Port Townsend.

"BY THE SAD SEA WAVES."

The Spirit of Another Pioneer Takes Its Flight.

Yesterday afternoon, at 20 minutes past five, Mr. Richard Jones, while strolling along the beach at the foot of Menizes street, not far from Point Nias, observed a body of a man rising and falling in the surf which beats with restless energy on the shore of this seagirt isle. Mr. Jones managed, by wading into the surf to his knees, to grasp a portion of the clothes and drag the corpse beyond the reach of the waves. He identified the body as that of Mr. James Strachan, for twenty-one years the keeper of an inn on Wharf street. Returning to town Mr. Jones summoned Mr. Todd, superintendent of provincial police, and the two returned to the spot. When examined the body was still warm and life could not have been long extinct. In the pockets of the clothes were found $4.75 in coin and a pocket-book containing papers and a letter. The body was brought to town and delivered to his son, who resides on Pioneer street. Mr. Strachan left his home about 11 o'clock yesterday morning. A quarter of an hour later he was seen passing Government Square towards Menzies street, and it was remarked how weak and forlorn he appeared. It is said that he received a letter by the mail concerning some business affairs which was not satisfactory, and it is supposed that he repaired at once to the beach and wading into the water drowned himself. Mr. Strachan was a native of Scotland and upwards of 70 years of age. He was a pioneer of San Francisco as well as of Victoria and at one time drove a thriving trade on Wharf street. About ten years ago he had a paralytic stroke, since when his health and business have gradually declined. An inquest will be held to-day.

Similkameen Silver Mines.

A correspondent of the *Oregonian* gives a very favorable account of the Similkameen silver discoveries. Those mines are located in Stevens county, Washington Territory, but are closely adjacent to the boundary line of this province and near the junction of the Similkameen with the Okanagan river. The following is a short paragraph of the correspondent's communication:—"There are several ledges worked and one tunneled to quite an extent, yielding a fine view of mineral in sight that has assayed very largely to the ton, and will, on further deepening and development, yield as rich a return as ever Nevada or Colorado's champion mines produced. The true discovery of these Mount Chopaco mines were made seven years ago and their worth is not yet ascertained; though well enough known to cause the formation of large and wealthy mining corporations to invest heavily in their near development. Companies are being formed in San Francisco, Chicago and New York."

British Columbia Telegraph Lines.

In the House on the 28th Feb. Mr. Blake moved for copies of advertisements and tenders for the building of the telegraph line from New Westminster to Yale. He stated that the line was built by day work instead of by contract, and that the work had been both expensive and unsatisfactory, the line breaking as soon as the frost came. The cable had been laid badly, and had to be buoyed.

Mr. Langevin said unfortunately the officer in charge of that branch was so ill as to be unable to give him the details of this matter. He believed some difficulty had been found in the buoying of the cable in the Straits of Georgia, owing to the rapidity of the current, but the trouble would no doubt be soon remedied. As to sending gangs of men out to do the work, he might say it had been found by experience most advantageous to do so.

The motion was carried.

MR. CALLAHAN'S BENEFIT TO-NIGHT.—The many friends and admirers that Mr. Callahan has secured since his visit to this city prevailed on him to stay a short time longer instead of leaving on the Idaho as he intended. A benefit this evening at Pavilion Rink has been offered and accepted, and there is but little doubt but that an overflowing house will be the result. The programme commences with a five mile heel and toe walk in which the champions, Pridmore, Callahan and Scott, will participate. The next exercise will be open to firemen—a two mile heat "go as you please." Then comes another walking match; and closing with a fat man's race, also "go as you please" in which any of sufficient size and weight may take part. This will be a treat to the people of Victoria that may not occur again for a great length of time.

THE steamship California will sail for Sitka, Wrangel and Auk at 6 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Ven. Archdeacon Wright and the Island Railway.

At the meeting of the Royal Colonial Institute, London, Feb. 3rd, a discussion ensued upon the address of Sir A. T. Galt. Among the speakers was Ven. Archdeacan Wright, who, after remarking upon the many advantages Canada has to offer the industrious settler, said:—

"I wish now to allude to the island railway from Nanaimo to Esquimalt. The interest, Imperial and Dominion, are closely connected with such a communication. A very able politician has stated "that life, when viewed by a man who thinks, is a comedy, but when viewed by a man who feels, it is a tragedy." Most assuredly this applies forcibly to British Columbia when we call to mind the bearing of Canada towards her in the matter of confederation and the great Pacific railway. Canada arranged with British Columbia that, if the great western colony would join the Dominion, a railway should be constructed within ten years from the Atlantic to the Pacific. It was an undertaking which, had Canada reflected calmly, the impossibility of carrying out the bargain would have at once appeared. In 1874, when nothing was being done Lord Carnarvon, as secretary of state for the colonies, delivered a very decided judgment. He stated that, to repudiate a contract was, on the part of Canada, a most ignoble course. Act up to it, he said, as best you can, and if you cannot carry it all out, do the best in your power. Upon this a distinct and solemn agreement was made to construct a railway forthwith from Nanaimo to Esquimalt, and a belt of land along the line of twenty miles in breadth was taken by the Dominion Government to aid the construction. The affair to the thinking man became now comic indeed. It reminds one of the foreigner who went to the opera and, when highly delighted, tried to express himself forcibly. He exclaimed, "Bravo! Bravissimo! Magnifique! Pretty well!" Canada, instead of attempting to produce a railway between the Pacific and Atlantic; Canada, instead of producing a railway from Nanaimo to Esquimalt, offered the indignant British Columbians the paltry sum of about £100,000 to be off the railway bargain. Let us allow in charity that Canada throughout meant well, and "may he who means well fare well." This much I gladly admit, and I am sure Sir Alexander Galt will agree with me, that at least the Canadians have acted bravely. They have undertaken one of the noblest scheme known to the present century—the "floating" a Pacific railway—and great is the credit due to Sir John Macdonald and the Administration over which he so ably presides. But the scheme is, I fear, even yet imperfect, yea, very imperfect. The mistake has been, in not including in it the Island Railway of only some seventy miles. I speak earnestly, because I feel deeply as an old Brisish Columbian. Put, I say, without delay a railway from Nanaimo to Esquimalt; connect the coal-fields of Vancouver Island—upon which, remember, the very existence of our power in the Pacific largely depends—with the magnificent naval harbor at Esquimalt. Then, and only then, will the scheme be complete, for then the highest interests of the Province of British Columbia, of the whole Dominion, nay, of the British Empire at large, will have been duly and thoroughly furthered.

A Cable from British Columbia to Japan.

In the Commons on the 2d March Mr. Langevin moved the House into committee of the whole upon the resolutions granting to Messrs. Sandford Fleming & Co. the sole right of laying a cable from British Columbia to Japan during twenty years for telegraphic purposes.

Messrs. Currier, Hector Cameron and DeCosmos, all Ministerialists, opposed the resolutions, and the latter citing British Columbia's experience when a colony showed that granting a cable monopoly from the western coast of British North America was contrary to the imperial policy.

Mr. Currier directed attention to the fact that another company whose bill was now before Parliament proposed to lay a cable from British Columbia to Japan, as well as lay other cables and construct land lines, and were ready to place $750,000 in the government's hands as a guarantee of their good faith.

Mr. Hector Cameron dwelt upon the enormity of the monopoly clause.

Mr. Mackenzie twitted the Ministerialists with their new found terror of monopolies.

Mr. Blake and Sir A. J. Smith both spoke against granting a monopoly.

Mr. Langevin, discovering that the sense of the House was against the resolution, decided not to press his motion for the present.

HYMENEAL. — Yesterday Capt. Glass of the U. S. S. Jamestown and Miss Johnson, of Oakland, Cal., were married in the Reformed Church, Humboldt street, by the Rev. Bishop Cridge. The happy couple will leave by the California for Sitka to-morrow morning where Captain Glass' vessel is at present stationed.

ROYAL INSURANCE CO.—Messrs. Stahlschmidt & Ward, Victoria agents for the Royal, have presented us with the handsomely illuminated calendar of the company for 1881.

FLOWER POTS.—Mr. Humber has commenced the manufacturing of flower pots at his brickyard.

REPORTED from Ottawa that prorogation will take place on the 24th March.

LORD CAMPBELL, the son of the Duke of Argyll, and wife are at San Francisco.

CITY COUNCIL this evening.

DEATH IN THE COFFEE POT.—The public are cautioned against purchasing imported California ground coffee. Its cheapness is its only recommendation. The ingredients are of the vilest description, as anyone using it will discover should he examine the grounds. During the perihelia of the planets people should be careful what they eat and drink. Don't allow your grocer to palm off his trash upon you, because it pays him better to sell it than the good article. Ask for FELL & Co.'s Coffee and take no other. *

WE STILL CONTINUE to sell at a great reduction all our Staple and Fancy Dry Goods to make room for new goods now being purchased by our Mr. Brown in Europe. Country orders have our best attention. BROWN & WHITE,
* Importers, Government St.

CUSTOM HOUSE BLANKS for Entry, Outwards, Nos. 48 and 48½, for sale in quantities to suit, at *The Colonist* Stationery Store. *

BURNETT'S COCOAINE.

Kills Dandruff, Allays Irritation, and Promotes the Growth of the Hair.

Gentlemen.—For over two years I have suffered terribly with "scald head" in its worst form. A few weeks ago I tried a bottle of your COCOAINE. The first application gave me relief, and now the disease is effectually cured.

Yours respectfully,
N. C. STEVENS, Deputy Sheriff, Ottawa, Ill.

Burnett's Flavoring Extracts are perfectly pure. 2

Blank Book Manufactory and Book Bindery.

Paper ruled to any pattern. Tickets Receipts, etc., numbered and perforated. Charts and maps mounted. The best classes of modern machinery employed R. T. WILLIAMS, Government street, entrance through Messrs. Hibben & Co's store. *

Mt. Morris, N. Y., is Responsibe

for the following valuable statement from Mrs. M. C. Arnold: "Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure has done me wonders of good for catarrh of the bladder and female weakness" 13

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,

Will hold at Salesrooms, Wharf street,

On Monday, April 4th, 1881,

Their usual

SPRING TRADE SALE,

Consisting of a full line of Port, Sherry, Bourbon, Porter, 50 M. Cigars (assorted brands), American Cut Nails, Whitewash, Horse, Scrub, Paint, Stove, Deck and Varnish Brushes, Hearth, Velvet, Braided Dusters and Wisps, Baskets, Clothespins, Gunny Bags, Camphor wood Trunks, Frypans (assorted sizes), Manilla Rope, Demijohns, Drifting Picks.

Full particulars on 27th.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,
mh15 Auctioneers.

Auction Sale.

REAL ESTATE

The undersigned will sell at his Salesrooms, Yates street, on

Saturday, 19th March, 1881,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

The following

REAL ESTATE

A House and Lot, with Stables and Outhouses, on the Esquimalt Road.

Esquimalt Town—Lot 5, adjoining Mr. Williams' property.

New Westminster—Lot 10, Block 20, Merchant Square, near Custom House.

ALSO, by order of the Mortgagee—Sections 77, 78, 83 and 90, containing 154 67-100 acres in Metchosin.

ALSO—Lot 8 of the Ross Estate, containing about 3 acres, having a frontage of 180 feet on Foul Bay road, with a Cottage thereon.

ALSO—Subdivisions 11 and 12 of suburban 5 acre lot No. 12 in the City of Victoria, with the choice Fruit Trees thereon. Each lot has a frontage of 50 feet on Chatham street, by a depth of 141 feet.

TERMS AT SALE.

W. R. CLARKE,
mh8 Auctioneer

SPRING

TRADE SALE.

TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENTS.

The undersigned will sell by Public Auction at his salesrooms, Yates streets.

On Monday, 21st instant,

AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

The following

WINES & LIQUORS, ETC.,

VIZ:

Dunville Whiskies in octaves:
Lochnagar, Loch Katrine and Jas. Stewart's Whiskies in cases.
Rum in hogsheads.
Sherry S. O. P. in ¼-casks.
do * * * do
Devonshire Cider in cases.
Cutting's Cider in barrels.
Cases Porter, quarts.
Batty's Pickels, quarts and pints.
Caddies Tobacco and a first class lot of Cigars.
At commencement of sale—A small assortment of Furniture, Pictures and some Brushes.

W. R. CLARKE,
mh15 Auctioneer.

REAL ESTATE SALE.

The undersigned has been instructed by the Mortgagee to sell by Public Auction at his salesroom, Yates street, on

Tuesday, 29th March, 1881,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON.

All those certain pieces or parcels of land, situate on Johnson street above Blanchard, and known on the Official Map as Town Lots Nos. 382, 383 and 384, together with the improvements thereon, consisting of the Derby Cottage, a fine large 7-roomed residence (the walls have 3 coats of plaster), outhouses, fruit garden and flower garden in front.

ALSO—3 Cottage Residences, each has 6 hard-finished rooms, outhouses and fruit garden. Each house is supplied with City Water and built on 3 feet brick and stone pillars.

Deeds at buyer's expense. Conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the Auctioneer three days previous to sale.

ALSO—Sections 84, 86, 87, 88, 89 and 90, Lake District.

W. R. CLARKE,
mh15 Auctioneer.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

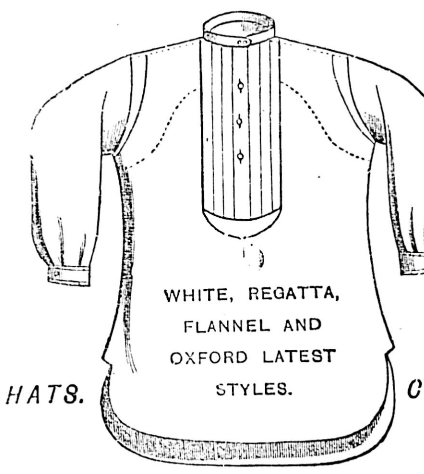
SCOTCH HOUSE—A. M'LEAN & CO.—GENERAL OUTFITTERS.

FORT STREET.

UMBRELLAS

BOYS' CLOTHING, IN GREAT VARIETY.

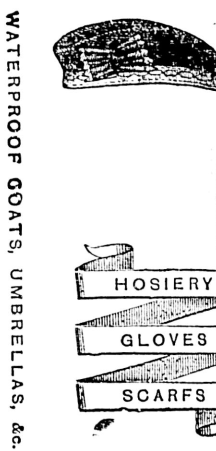
HATS.



CAPS.

WATERPROOF COATS, UMBRELLAS, &c.

SHIRTS



A. M'LEAN & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WALTHAM WATCHES,

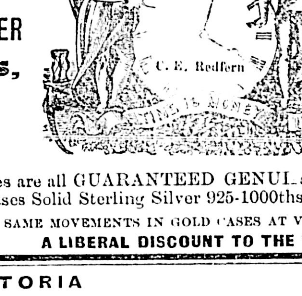
— AT —

C. REDFERN'S, GOVERNMENT STREET,

WHO HAS BEEN APPOINTED BY THE COMPANY

SOLE AGENT FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.

KEY WINDERS —IN— SOLID STERLINGSILVER CASES, $15 AND UPWARDS.



STEM WINDERS AND SETTERS —IN— SOLID STERLING SILVER CASES $22 50 AND UPWARDS.

These Watches are all GUARANTEED GENUINE WALTHAM MANUFACTURE and the Cases Solid Sterling Silver 925-1000ths fine.

THE SAME MOVEMENTS IN GOLD CASES AT VERY LOW PRICES.

ja15 **A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.**

VICTORIA **BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY,** GOVERNMENT ST., NEXT POSTOFFICE.

ROCK BAY **TANNERY,** ROCK BAY, VICTORIA.

W. HEATHORN, PROPRIETOR.

Manufacturer of Mens' Women's and Children's

BOOTS & SHOES,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, SUITABLE FOR THE GENERAL WANTS OF THE PROVINCE.

The especial attention of Dealers is solicited to the large and carefully made assortment of Boots and Shoes now prepared for the Spring Trade.

PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

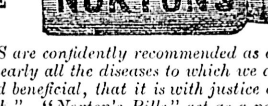
All Orders executed with care and dispatch.

Highest Market Price Paid for Hides & Calfskins.

fe22dw2m

THE BEST REMEDY FOR INDIGESTION.

TRADE



MARK.

CAMOMILE PILLS are confidently recommended as a simple Remedy for Indigestion which is the cause of nearly all the diseases to which we are subject, being a medicine so uniformly grateful and beneficial, that it is with justice called the "Natural Strengthener of the Human Stomach." "Norton's Pills" act as a powerful tonic and gentle aperient are mild in their operation, safe under any circumstances, and thousands of persons can now bear testimony to the benefits to be derived from their use, as they have been a never-failing Family Friend for upwards of 45 years. Sold in Bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. an 11s. each, by all Medicine Vendors throughout the world.

CAUTION.

Be sure and ask for "NORTON'S PILLS," and do not be persuaded to purchase an imitation. je24w

WATEROUS ENGINE WORKS CO.

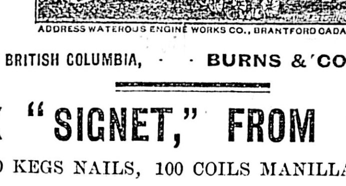
BRANTFORD, ONTARIO.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

FIREPROOF CHAMPION ENGINE,
CHAMPION PORTABLE SAWMILLS,
PORTABLE GRIST MILLS, ETC.

George Book writes, St. Anns, Ontario, June 17 1879, regarding his 16-horse power Champion Sawmill: *"Last week, on Monday morning three men of us commenced to tear up mill to move it. We tore up, moved three miles, set it up and on Tuesday at three o'clock sawed a log with it. Not quite two days. In one week we moved and set it up as mentioned, and sawed twenty thousand feet. I will write full particulars soon. We sawed six hundred feet in twenty-nine minutes—inch lumber."* 3 sizes built—12 H. P. using 44 in. saw, Capacity 3 to 4,000 per day. 16 H. P. using 48 in. saw, Capacity, 4 to 5,000 per day 20 H. P. using 52 in. saw, No 3 saw irons, Capacity, 6 to 8,000 per day.

Most simple, efficient and portable mill of its size in the world.



ADDRESS WATEROUS ENGINE WORKS CO., BRANTFORD CADADA.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA, - - BURNS & CO., VICTORIA, B. C.

EX BARK "SIGNET," FROM MONTREAL.

1000 KEGS NAILS, 100 COILS MANILLA ROPE,

CHOPPING MILLS.

12 and 20 in. BEST FRENCH BURR MILL STONES,
CENTENNIAL SULKY RAKES,
SPRING TOOTH HARROWS,
WAGONS, SPRING CARTS,
BUGGIES, PLOWS, STOVES, &c., &

THE OSBORNE SELF-BINDING HARVESTER

(Uses Twine or Wire) the greatest labor-saving machine on the farm.

KIRBY MOWERS AND REAPERS,

In Styles, Sizes and Prices to suit all Purchasers.

GOODS WARRANTED. **BURNS & CO.,** VICTORIA.

ja22

STOCKS AND MINES

QUESNELLE QUARTZ MINING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Location of Works, - - - Hixon Creek, B. C

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT A meeting of the Trustees of said Company, held this 10th day of January, 1881, the 13th Assessment of One-half of a Cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable forthwith to the Secretary at the office of the company, Quesnelle, B. C.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 30th April, 1881, shall be deemed delinquent and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment of same together with costs of advertising shall be made before, will be sold at public auction on the 16th day of May, 1881, at the office of the said Company, Quesnelle, B.C., to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

R. J. SKINNER, Secretary.

Quesnelle, B.C., 10th Jan., 1881. ja27dw

CARIBOO QUARTZ MINING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

GENERAL MEETING.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE CARIBOO Quartz Mining Company will be held at Mason & Daly's restaurant, Barkerville, on Thursday, April 7th, 1881, at 7:30 p. m.

By order,
CHARLES WILSON, Secretary.

Barkerville, B.C., 5th Feb., 1881. fe17dw

WAVERLY HYDRAULIC MINING CO., LIMITED.

ASSESSMENT NO. 14.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT AT A meeting of the Trustees of said company held on the 15th day of Jan., 1881, the 14th assessment of One Dollar per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable forthwith to Charles Wilson, Secretary, at the Company's office, Barkerville, B. C.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 17th day of February, 1881, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at Public Auction, and unless payment be made before, will be sold on the 24th day of March, 1881, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

CHARLES WILSON, Secretary.

Barkerville, B.C., 15th Jan., 1881. ja28dw

— ASK FOR —

Union India Rubber Co.'s

Pure Para Gum

CRACK PROOF RUBBER BOOTS AND COATS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!

Be sure the Boots are stamped CRACK PROOF on the heels and have the PURE GUM SPRINGS on the foot and instep, which prevent their cracking or breaking. They will last twice as long as any other manufactured.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.
ALL KINDS RUBBER BELTING, PACKING, HOSE, SPRINGS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, Etc.

Goodyear Rubber Co.

R. H. PEASE, Jr., }
S. M. RUNYON, } Agents
San Francisco.

au20lsdmdw

$5 Outfit sent free to those who wish to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business known. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. $10 a day and upwards is easily made without staying away from home overnight. No risk whatever. Many new workers wanted at once. Many are making fortunes at the business. Ladies make as much as men, and young boys and girls make great pay. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in a week at any ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short road to fortune. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine ja7dw

KEATING'S BON BONS OR WORM TABLETS

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for children.

SOLD IN TINS BY ALL CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS

je19toc3

BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES

AND ALL OTHER INSECTS ARE DESTROYED BY

KEATING'S INSECT POWDER.

Which is quite harmless to Domestic Animals.

In exterminating Beetles the success of this Powder is extraordinary, and no one need be troubled by those pests. It is perfectly clean in application.

Ask for and be sure to obtain "KEATING'S POWDER," as Imitations are Noxious, and fail in giving satisfaction.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS IN TINS, 1s. and 2s. 6d each

G. A. SARGISON, ACCOUNTANT, ETC.

THE CONNECTION OF THE UNDERSIGNED with the B. C. Express Company having this day been severed, he begs to intimate to his friends and the public generally that he has begun business as an

ACCOUNTANT AND GENERAL AGENT.

Accounts audited, estates wound up, collections made, commissions executed, Customhouse Brokerage attended to, etc., etc.

OFFICE, Government street, next to Mr. Lowenberg's.

GEO. A. SARGISON.

3rd February, 1881. fe20dw

P. T. JOHNSTON & CO.

(SUCCESSORS TO MITCHELL & JOHNSTON.)

NURSERYMEN, SEEDSMEN AND FLORISTS.

FRESH SEEDS OF THE GROWTH OF 1880 now ready.

FOUR NEW KINDS OF POTATOES.

Bliss' Triumph, Pride of America, Mammoth Pearl, Sutton's Magnum Bonum,

PRICE, 50 CENTS PER LB. EACH.

The celebrated BEAUTY OF HEBRON POTATO price, 12½ cents per lb.

Nursery Stock and Pot Plants of all descriptions at prices to suit the times.

For further particulars see Price List, which will be forwarded postpaid on application. fe1 6mdw

W. T. DRAKE,

Successor to ENGELHARDT & CO.

COAL & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

WILL CARRY ON THE BUSINESS AT THE office on Wharf street as heretofore, and solicits a continuance of the liberal support accorded to the late firm.

COAL AND WOOD AT CURRENT RATES.

Victoria, B.C., 31st Aug., 1880. se1

INSURANCE.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED, 1847.

HEAD OFFICE, HAMILTON, ONTARIO.

CAPITAL AND FUNDS, OVER - - - $5,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, ABOUT - - - - $850,000

THE ABOVE IS ONE OF THE HIGHEST CLASS Life Insurance Companies in the world and offers most liberal advantages to insurers.

The undersigned is appointed General Agent for this Company for the Province of British Columbia and will furnish all information as to Rates of Premium, &c.

THOS. C. NUTTALL,
GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.
no23 3m

PHŒNIX FIRE ASSURANCE CO OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED, - 1782.

UNLIMITED LIABILITY.

LOSSES PAID, OVER TWELVE MILLIO POUNDS sterling.

The Largest and one of the Oldest Insurance Companies in the World.

Insurances effected at Current Rates on the Main-and and Island. Claims settled with Promptitude and liberality. THOS. C. NUTTALL, Agent

Government St., 23d Sept., 1877. se23

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

1 OLD BROAD ST., AND 16 PALL MALL LONDON,

INSTITUTED, - - - - - - 1803.

FOR INSURING HOUSES AND OTHER BUILDINGS, Goods, Wards, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in port, Harbor or Docks and the Cargoes of such ships; also, Ships building or repairing, Barges or other Vessels, on navigable rivers and canals, and Goods on board such vessels through out Great Britain and Ireland, and in FOREIGN COUNTRIES, from loss or damage by fire.

SUBSCRIBED AND INVESTED CAPITAL—ONE MILLION HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.

Risks Accepted at Current Rates Premium.

WELCH, RITHET & CO.,

Agents for British Columbia and Washington Territor my10

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned under the style of E. L. Derby & Co., has been dissolved this day by mutual consent. C. B. Sword is authorized to receive monies and give receipts for outstanding accounts, and will pay all liabilities due by the firm.

Victoria, 25th Feb., 1881. E. L. DERBY, C. B. SWORD.

Witness—W. POLLARD. fe26dw1m

CLARIHUE AND CARSON, CASSIAR.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ABOVE firm are requested to forward the amount of their indebtedness to the undersigned who holds their power of attorney.

J. P. WALLS,
de21dw2m Solicitor, Bastion St., Victoria, B.C.

PUBLIC NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TAAT M. C. DAVIS, of Glenora Landing, holds a PROMISSORY NOTE drawn by me in his favor on the 26th July, 1880, and for which I have paid him in full. This is to warn all parties against negotiating said note. (Signed) J. C. PULLEN.

Glenora Landing, 2d Nov., 1880. fe8dw1m

NOTICE.

HAVING ADMITTED MR. HIBBARD HUDSON as a partner, the business carried on by me at Quesnelle will be continued under the firm name of REID & HUDSON from date until further notice.

JAS. REID.

Quesnelle, 11th Feb., 1881.

PARTIES OWING BOOK ACCOUNTS ARE REquested to settle with Reid & Hudson, and liabilities will be paid by that firm.

fe24dw1m REID & HUDSON.

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LEASED THE Metropolitan Building, adjoining Victoria House, Government street, will move his business there on or about the 1st October, and open it as a first-class Grocery and Coffee Depot.

Thanking my customers for past favors I beg to assure them and the public generally that I shall always keep on hand a choice and well assorted stock of goods which I will sell at the lowest market rates.

J. FINLAYSON, Fort St.

Sept. 27th 1880. se28

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

THAT APPLICATION WILL BE MADE AT THE next session of the Legislative Assembly for a Private Bill to amend the Act passed in the forty-third year of Her Majesty's reign entituled "The City of Victoria Official Map Act, 1880," by granting power to Joseph D. Pemberton and Benjamin W. Pearse, the Commissioners mentioned in the said Act, to alter the Map made and filed in the office of the Registrar-General of Titles at Victoria, in pursuance of the said Act, by defining the line of Government street on the West side thereof, between Fort street and Johnson street, so that it will be in accordance with the Official Map of the said City, known as the Map of 1861: and also to amend the said Map, "The City of Victoria Official Map, 1880," by defining the boundaries of Johnson street, from the West side of Wharf street to the Sea.

Dated 24th December, 1880.

D. M. EBERTS,
ja1 Solicitor for the Applicants.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT JOHN ADAIR, JUNior, and Joseph Hunter will apply to the Provincial Legislature of British Columbia, at its present session, for a Private Bill granting to them a lease for mining purposes of the bed of the South Fork of the Quesnel River, and of the lands on both sides of the said South Fork along its entire length with a breadth of an eighth of a mile from the centre of the stream on both sides, and for power to erect a dam at the outlet of the South Fork Lake and to pen back the waters thereof, and for all necessary powers incident to the above objects.

Dated 3rd February, 1881.

DAVIE & POOLEY,
fe4 Solicitors for the Applicants.

NOTICE.

SING LEE, OF ESQUIMALT, HAVING SOLD out his Washing and Ironing Business to Leong Kum, hereby gives notice that all claims against the said Sing Lee must be presented for payment before Saturday, the 22nd inst., or they will not be allowed.

ja18

CITY OF VICTORIA WATER WORKS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN FOR THE INformation of the public that the following resolution was passed by the Mayor and Municipal Council of this city on the 2nd February instant, namely:—

"Resolved that the Water Works Engineer be, and he is hereby instructed to shut off the water from all dwellings and taps where water is allowed to run to waste (except during the time that it is freezing); and further before the water shall be again turned on the person or persons found guilty of wasting said water shall be subject to the payment of One Dollar for each and every time this regulation is violated."

WM. LEIGH, C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., Feb. 17, 1881. fe17

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT LIM SAM was admitted as partner in the business carried on by LIM TAI on Comorant street, under the style of HONG LEE & CO. on the 20th Sept., 1880, and that the said business will in future be carried on by the undersigned under the name of HONG LEE & CO.

LIM TAI,
LIM SAM.

Victoria, B.C., 7th March, 1881. mh9

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned under the style of Reynolds & King has been dissolved this day by mutual consent. Elizabeth J. Reynolds is authorized to receive monies and give receipts for outstanding accounts, and will pay all liabilities due by the firm.

E. J. REYNOLDS,
LOUISA KING.

Witness:—
EDWIN FIELD.

Victoria, March 11th, 1881. mh12

NOTICE.

CREDITORS OF THE MOORE ESTATE ARE hereby notified that a dividend will be payable at the office of the undersigned on or about the 31st March. Accounts not filed and proved before that date will be excluded from a participation in said dividend.

EDGAR CROW BAKER,
Secty to Trustees.

12th March, 1881. mh13

MISCELLANEOUS.

CASH! CASH ONLY!

Tapestry Carpets 90 cts, Kidminster 55 cts, Brussels $1.50

CANE SEAT CHAIRS, $1; CUPS & SAUCERS, $1 per dozen;
GOBLETS, $1 per dozen; GARDEN TILES, $1 per dozen:

And many other Bargains, consisting of

Bedroom and Parlor Sets,

EXTENSION TABLES, WARMING PANS, FOOT WARMERS,
CHINA MATTING, HEMP CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
DOOR MATS, TABLE AND FLOOR OILCLOTHS

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, PLATEDWARE AND CUTLERY,

Mattrasses of all kinds on hand and made to order. Carpets sewed and laid.

ALL KINDS OF HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

TABLE DAMASK, SHEETING AND 800 YARDS DRESS GOODS.

Parties requiring Furniture will find it to their advantage to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

GEO. MANSELL & CO.,

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE STORE,

YATES STREET. oc14

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

SHORT & SIMPSON,

GUN AND RIFLE MAKERS

FORT STREET, OPPOSITE SCOTCH HOUSE

Have Received from London direct, a Large Assortment of

DOUBLE AND SINGLE BARRELED GUNS

CENTRAL FIRE BREECH LOADERS,

FISHING TACKLE IN GREAT VARIETY.

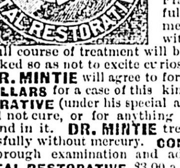
Pocket and Sporting Cutlery, Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches, Game Bags Cartridge Belts, Apparatus for Filling Cartridges for Breech-Loaders, and a Full Assortment of Gun Tackle.

GUNS MADE TO ORDER. REPAIRING NEATLY EXECUTED

mh11

MEDICAL

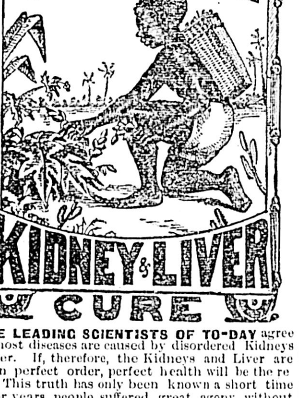
THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.



Is a never-failing Cure for Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality, Weakness of any kind, Paralysis, and all the terrible effects of youthful follies and excesses in mature years. Those who cannot visit DR. MINTIE in San Francisco should send full and minute statement of their troubles with $25, and in return a full course of treatment will be forwarded securely packed so as not to excite curiosity.

DR. MINTIE will agree to forfeit **FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS** for a case of this kind the **VITAL RESTORATIVE** (under his special advice and treatment) will not cure, or for anything impure or injurious found in it. **DR. MINTIE** treats all Diseases successfully without mercury. **CONSULTATION FREE.** Thorough examination and advice $5 00. Price of **VITAL RESTORATIVE,** $3 00 a bottle, or four times the quantity, $10; sent to any address upon receipt of price, or C.O.D., secure from observation, and in private name if desired, by **A. E. MINTIE, M. D., 11 KEARNEY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL**

ja14dw1tf



THE LEADING SCIENTISTS OF TO-DAY agree that most diseases are caused by disordered Kidneys or Liver. If, therefore, the Kidneys and Liver are kept in perfect order, perfect health will be the result. This truth has only been known a short time and for years people suffered great agony without being able to find relief. The discovery of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure marks a new era in the treatment of these troubles. Made from a simple tropical leaf of rare value, it contains just the elements necessary to nourish and invigorate both of these great organs, and safely restore and keep them in order. It is a **POSITIVE REMEDY** for all the diseases that cause pains in the lower part of the body—for Torpid Liver—Headaches—Jaundice—Dizziness—Gravel—Fever, Ague Malarial Fever, and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs.

It is an excellent and safe remedy for females during Pregnancy. It will control Menstruation and is invaluable for Leucorrhœa or Falling of the Womb.

As a Blood Purifier it is unequalled, for it cures the organs that *make* the blood.

READ THE RECORD.

"It saved my life."—*E. B. Lakely, Selma, Ala.*

"It is the remedy that will cure the many diseases peculiar to women."—*Mother's Magazine.*

"It has passed severe tests and won endorsements from some of the highest medical talent in the country."—*New York World.*

"No remedy heretofore discovered can be held for one moment in comparison with it."

—*Rev. C. A. Harvey, D.D., Washington, D.C.*

This remedy, which has done such wonders, is put up in the LARGEST SIZED BOTTLE of any medicine upon the market, and is sold by Druggists and all dealers at **$1.25** per bottle. For Diabetes, enquire for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. It is a POSITIVE Remedy.

H. H. WARNER & CO ROCHESTER, N. Y.

no14d

LD. LOWENBERG
REAL ESTATE AGENT

GOVERNMENT ST. NEAR CORNER OF BROUGHTON

WILL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO selling, purchasing and leasing property; negotiating loans and transacting everything connected with Real Estate business.

Maps of all the different Districts on the Island may be seen at this office. Parties desirous of purchasing homesteads, or making investments, will find on his Bulletin Board Town Lots on nearly every street Farming or Gardening Land in every District, some which affords rare chance for investment.

Money on bond and mortgage and in sums to suit the demands.

Conveyances of every description done at reasonable rates. de18

HIDES AND CALFSKINS.

Highest Market Rates Paid for the above.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
PROMPT RETURNS RENDERED

W. HEATHORN,

VICTORIA BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY AND ROCK BAY TANNERY. fe24

NURSE.

MRS. MACDONALD OFFERS HER SERVICES as a LADY'S NURSE. Has had experience. Terms Reasonable. Apply at Cottage, Belcher street, between Vancouver and Cook streets. mh2*1m

PILOTAGE DISTRICT OF NANAIMO.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE AS PILOT FOR the above district should be sent in to the undersigned on or before the 8th Feb., proximo.

Due notice of time and place of examination of candidates will be given.

T. ERIC PECK,
Actg. Secty. Nanaimo Pilot Commissioners.

Nanaimo, 28th Jan., 1881. fe2

W. JACKSON'S DRUG STORE,

GOVERNMENT STREET, between Yates and Johnson streets, Victoria, B.C.

Drugs, Perfumery Hair Brushes and Combs,

PATENT BADGER HAIR TOOTH BRUSHES,
ENOS' FRUIT SALT,
BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP,
THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL;
GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER,
CLARK'S BLOOD PURIFYER

And all other Patent Medicines. Prescriptions compounded.

Drugs, etc., forwarded to any part of the Province. Kay's Coaguline for mending glass, crockery, etc.

DR. JACKSON may be consulted gratis daily from 10 to 12 a.m. and from 7 to 9 p.m. at his office and drug store. Residence, Michigan street, James Bay. de5

ON HING

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS

BOOTS AND SHOES, CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS.

HAS REMOVED

To JOHNSON STREET, ONE DOOR EAST OF EASTMAN'S BUTCHER SHOP.

Manufactures DRAWERS, UNDERSHIRTS, OVERALLS, Etc., which he offers for sale by wholesale and retail at low rates. Je11

CARESCHE, GREEN & CO.

BANKERS

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA B. C

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD SILVER AND U. S. Currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

GOLD DUST AND U. S. CURRENCY

PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

SIGHT DRAFTS AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS ON SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK AND CANADA.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON

Available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the Principal Citie of the United States, Canada and Europe.

AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO

jy9 1y

To the Electors of Cariboo-Lillooet District.

GENTLEMEN:—IN COMING BEFORE YOU AS a candidate for the vacant seat in the Dominion House of Commons, and asking for your support, I do so with the assurance that, should I be your choice, it will be my duty to further the interests of the District represented to the best of my abilities.

Whatever is conducive to the welfare of the whole Dominion cannot fail in meeting with my hearty support. And anything that comes within the province of the General Government to do for the District must and will have due attention.

In connection with the latter, I should advocate the appointment by the Dominion Government of a resident Geologist with sufficient assistance to thoroughly examine the whole country, taking the well known mineral localities first.

TARIFF.—I would advocate such special legislation for the Province as would lighten or equalize the bearing the Dominion Tariff has against the obtaining certain necessaries of consumption, at least until such times as advantage could be taken of the material bond of Union (the Railway). In this connection, I would advocate a branch line of Railway from Tete Jaune Cache to the most central point of the Cariboo District, so that mining material could be obtained without the ruinous cost that at present is such a barrier against the development of the mining interests.

I would strive to secure for the Province greater facilities in the mail service, according as the requirements of the country demand, doing my utmost to cause the service between Barkerville and Quesnelle Forks to be renewed.

In conclusion, I may state that I should be an active and earnest supporter of the Conservative Party. Further, that my mining and other interests are so identified with yours that anything I can do, either in the House or out of it, for the benefit of myself, cannot fail to be of good to the whole district represented.

Respectfully yours,
JAMES REID.

Quesnelle, B.C., Jan. 15, 1881. mh8dw

$10 Outfit furnished free, with full instructions for conducting the most profitable business that anyone can engage in. The business is so easy to learn and our instructions are so simple and plain that any one can make great profits from the very start. No one can fail who is willing to work. Women are as successful as men. Boys and girls can earn large sums. Many have made at the business over one hundred dollars in a single week. Nothing like it ever known before. All who engage are surprised at the ease and rapidity with which they are able to make money. You can engage in this business during your spare time at great profit. You do not need to invest capital in it. We take all the risk. Those who need ready money should write to us at once. All furnished free, Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. ja7dw

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUPREME COURT.

In the Goods of the late Rev. THOMAS DERRICK, deceased.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ABOVE estate, and all persons having claims against the estate are requested to send in their claims to the undersigned.

W. POLLARD,
Executor's Solicitor.

8th Feb., 1881. fe9

HIGHEST CASH PRICE

— PAID FOR —

FURS AND DEER SKINS.

REMOVAL—THE BUSINESS OF J. BOSCOWITZ has been removed to Rowland's two-story brick building on Johnson street, south side, between Waddington Alley and Wharf street.

n27 GEO. PAPPENBERGER Manager

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

IN PURSUANCE OF A RESOLUTION PASSED by the Municipal Council of Victoria, B. C., on the 16th February, 1881:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that all persons having claims against the Corporation of the said City are required to present such claims at the City Clerk's Office at the end of each month, or said claims will not be paid.

WILLIAM LEIGH, C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
February 18th, 1881. fe20

HOME-MADE FURNITURE

SOLD CHEAPER THAN IMPORTED FURNITURE

INTENDING PURCHASERS ARE CORDIALLY invited to call and convince themselves of the fact

J. SEHL

Is now prepared with STEAM POWER and the latest improved Machinery to manufacture every class of Furniture at such

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES

As will defy competition from imported goods.

Full Bedroom Sets from $30 up; Extension Dining Tables from $12 up; Chairs from 75cts. up.

Satisfactory workmanship guaranteed.

Wood turning, scroll & band sawing done to order

ALSO—Received ex recent arrivals a large and well selected stock of Tapestry and Brussels

CARPET, FLOOR OILCLOTH LINOLEUM, ETC.,

Which will be sold at the lowest prices for Cash.

Window blinds, curtains, cornices and poles, picture frames, moulding, perambulators, velocipedes &c. Also, an assortment of marbleized iron mantlepieces and grates complete at very low prices.

je26 J. SEHL Government

TENDERS.

TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO THE UNDERSIGNed, and endorsed "Tender for Fraser River Lighthouse," will be received at Ottawa, up to the 31st of March next, for the construction of a Lighthouse Tower, upon an iron pile foundation, on the South Sand Heads, mouth of the Fraser River, British Columbia. The ironwork of the foundation to be supplied to the Contractor.

Plans and Specifications can be seen, and Forms of Tender procured by intending contractors, at this Department, here, at the Agency of this Department, Victoria, B. C., and at the Office of W. Markland Molson, Esq., Portland, Oregon.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

WM. SMITH,
Deputy Minister of Marine, &c.

Department of Marine, &c.,
Ottawa, Canada, 19th January, 1881. fe16

ECLIPSE INGERSOLL ROCK DRILL.

Ingersoll Air Compressors.

COOPER, FAIRMAN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

STEEL AND IRON RAILS

FISH PLATES, BOLTS AND NUTS,

BEST MINING STEEL,
ELECTRIC BATTERIES,
FUSES, MINERS' SUPPLIES,
STEEL LOCOMOTIVE TIRES

Steel Springs and Spring Steel, Iron and Steel Boiler Plates, Bridge Girders, Angles and Tees.

MANAGERS DOMINION BARB WIRE FENCE CO.
AGENTS TORONTO BRIDGE CO.

OFFICE:—FOUNDLING STREET, MONTREAL.

JAMES CRAWFORD,
ja1 3m Agent, New Westminster

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

THE

Colonial Hotel,

NEW WESTMINSTER, FRASER RIVER, B. C.

SITUATED ON THE PRINCIPAL STREET, WITHIN ONE MINUTE'S WALK OF THE STEAMBOAT LANDING.

THE HOTEL IS A NEW BUILDING AND HAS large accommodations consisting of 46 Bedrooms, 2 Drawing Rooms, Large Dining Room, well-appointed Kitchen, Cellars, Lavatories, Baths and Offices. Also, a well-appointed

BAR AND SALOON ATTACHED.

BILLIARD ROOMS, WITH THREE TABLES AND BAR, Etc., Etc.

The Hotel is Furnished Throughout, and is the largest, best situated and most convenient in the Town, and has a thorough supply of Pure Water laid on.

NEW WESTMINSTER is the centre of the Fishing industries on Fraser River, and is surrounded by a fast increasing farming population. It is the headquarters of the steamers plying to and from Yale, the Head of Navigation, where Railway Construction is being actively carried on, furnishing employment for several thousand men. The supplies and passengers for the interior and Victoria pass through New Westminster.

The COLONIAL HOTEL, with good management, can ensure the largest patronage of any Hotel north of Victoria.

For further particulars apply to

MR. C. W. R. THOMSON,
Victoria, British Columbia.

P.O. Box 62. mh5dw

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Between JAMES REID, Plaintiff,
AND
LAURA MATHIMIA BEEDY, Executrix of the last Will and Testament of Josiah Crosby Beedy, deceased Defendant.

PURSUANT TO A DECREE MADE HEREIN the Creditors of the abovenamed Josiah Crosby Beedy, late of Van Winkle, Trader and Miner, deceased, are on or before the 5th day of March, A. D., 1881, to send in their names, addresses and full statements of their claims to John Bowron, Esq., the District Registrar, at Richfield, Cariboo. All persons indebted to the estate are to pay the amounts of their indebtedness to George Byrnes, of Barkerville, Cariboo, who has been appointed receiver. Saturday, the 19th day of March, 1881, before the said District Registrar, at the Court House, Richfield, is appointed for adjudicating on the claims. Creditors not sending in their claims pursuant to this notice will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the decree.

Dated 17th January, 1881.

(Signed) JAMES C. PREVOST,
ja18dw Registrar Supreme Court, B.C

HELP Yourselves by making money when a golden chance is offered, thereby always keeping poverty from your door. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive outfit and all that you need free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. ja7dw

THOS. TROUNCE
ARCHITECT, ETC.

OFFICE ON KANE STREET, ABOVE DOUGLASS

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS CAREFULLY prepared for Public Buildings or Private Residences, and the usual business of an Architect promptly executed 3m

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY DAVID W. HIGGINS, at his Office, Government street, Victoria, B.